ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENTS REGULATIONS – 2019 CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM M.E. ENGINEERING DESIGN

THE VISION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

We, at the Department of Mechanical Engineering, Anna University shall strive hard to impart knowledge and state-of-the-art training to our students and expose them to broad areas of Mechanical Engineering, namely Design, Manufacturing, Energy, Thermal Sciences and currently related interdisciplinary areas, so that they can later practice their profession at home or abroad keeping in mind the needs and concern of the society they represent, safeguarding values, ethics and be instrumental in bringing about an overall technological development.

THE MISSION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

- To deliver knowledge in Mechanical Engineering and Materials Science and Engineering with high educational standards so that the outgoing students are employable and globally competitive.
- 2. To produce graduate and post graduate engineers with core competency as well as relevant software skills and social responsibility.
- 3. To be dynamic in imparting knowledge to students depending upon the changing national and International needs



Attested

ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENTS REGULATIONS – 2019

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

M.E. ENGINEERING DESIGN (FULL - TIME)

PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs):

Enable the students:

- 1. To develop an aptitude to use engineering principles to conceptualize, create, model, test and evaluate designs within the context of local and global needs.
- 2. To become effective and excellent collaborators and innovators, participating in efforts to address and provide solutions to social and technical challenges.
- 3. To develop innovative technologies and find solutions to contemporary issues in Engineering Design using fundamental principles in combination with modern engineering tools and methods.
- 4. To pursue advanced education, research and development and other creative/ innovative efforts in their professional career.

PROGRAMME OUTCOMES (POS):

After successful completion of Product Design & Development programme, Graduates will exhibits ability to:

- 1. Apply knowledge of mathematics, basic science and engineering science.
- 2. Identify, formulate and solve engineering problems.
- 3. Design a system or process to improve its performance, satisfying its constraints.
- 4. Conduct experiments & collect, analyze and interpret the data.
- 5. Apply various tools and techniques to improve the efficiency of the system.
- 6. Conduct themselves to uphold the professional and social obligations.
- 7. Design the system with environment consciousness and sustainable development.
- 8. Interact in industry, business and society in a professional and ethical manner.
- 9. Function in a multi-disciplinary team.
- 10. Proficiency in oral and written Communication.
- 11. Implement cost effective and improved system.
- 12. Continue professional development and learning as a life-long activity.

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs):

- 1. Provide optimized solution to problems during design phase of product using advanced CAD / CAE / FEA tools and mathematical models.
- 2. Identify the space of work in different areas of research including inter disciplinary fields and provide innovative solutions using the design paradigms.
- 3. Become a successful professional with his/her acquired creative3 design skills and knowledge through which they would provide impetus to develop solutions that would lead to next generation technologies.

MAPPING PEO'S WITH PO'S

		PROGRAMME OUTCOMES											
PEO'S	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
1	V	1	√	√				1		√			
2	V	1	√			√	1				√		
3	1	1	V	√	√			1			Att	ested	
4	1	1	1	√		√		√			1	1	

MAPPING OF COURSE OUTCOME AND PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

	SUBJECT	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
	Computer	1	1	1		1					1		
	Applications in Design												
	Advanced	1	1	1		1							
	Mechanics of												
	Materials	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1		.1				
	Vibration Analysis and Control	√	√	√	1	√	√		√				
0	Advanced	1	1	1	1	1							
Sem I	Mechanisms in					h.							
	Design												
	Program Elective-I Research		7										
	Methodology and		١.		0.1.1	1 7		/					
	IPR) _	U		V_L	1 1						
	Audit course-I		Λ	-			17						
	CAD and Design for	√	1		√	(43)		15					
	Manufacture and Assembly Laboratory	s é	5/					"A					
	Noise, Vibration and	1	1	1	1	1							
	Harshness								٠.				
	Laboratory		•										
	Finite Element	اما	-1	- 1	-1	-1							
	Methods in	1	٧	V		٧	7	/					
	Mechanical Design	١.	N.	15			1 /		1				
	Integrated Product	1	1	1	-√	1					1		1
	Design and Process	-						-					
	Development Designing with	V		1	1	1	1	1					1
	Advanced Materials	٧		V	· ·	V	,	· V					'
	Program Elective-II	200	DEC-	e Tu	oni	OUL	(LIAN	ul Er	SOF				
Sem II	Program Elective-III	W	nco		r)	Uni	ITVI	TLL	7				
	Program Elective-IV												
	Audit Course-II Simulation and	1	1	√	1								1
	Analysis Laboratory	\ \ \	\ \ \	V	٧								\ \ \
	Product Design	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1		1
	Laboratory	,		,	, i		,		,		·		
Core III	Drogram Clastics V												
Sem III	Program Elective-V Program Elective-VI												
	Open Elective												
	Technical Seminar	1	1	1	1	1	1		1		1	1	1
	Dissertation-I	Ì	V	Ì	1	V			Ž	1	V	1	Ì
Sem IV		,		,		,				,	,		,
	Dissertation-II	√	√	√	√	√			√	1	1	1	√
											Alte	sted	

ELECTIVES	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
Design for Sustainability	1	1	1		1		√	1	1			
Composite Materials and Mechanics	1	7	1	V		7	7	1				1
Design of Hydraulic and Pneumatic Systems	1	7	√	√	7			√		V		1
Surface Engineering	7	✓	∠		✓	∠	^	∠				V
Advanced Machine Tool Design	1	7	7	1		7	7	7				
Product Lifecycle Management	1	√	√	1								
Optimization Techniques in Design	1	7	7	V	7	7						
Quality Concepts in Design	1	7	1	1	7	6	1	7				1
Mechanical Measurements and Analysis	1			1	7	Š	75.		\supset			√
Vehicle Dynamics	1	1	1	_ \	1	1		-√				
Engineering Fracture Mechanics	1	7	7	1	7			Y				
Bearing Design and Rotor Dynamics	1	√	V	√	√	1		- √		1		√
Solid Freeform Manufacturing	1	1	1	1	1							
Advanced Finite Element Analysis	1	1	1	√	1		/		4			
Design of Hybrid and Electric Vehicles	1	7	7		7	7	7		\mathcal{A}			
Tribology in Design	√	- √	√				4					\checkmark
Material Handling Systems and Design	7	_	_	1	_	~	24	7	5			1
Creativity and Innovation	1	√	√	√			~ 11					
Computational Fluid Dynamics	1	1	1	V	1	1	1			1	1	1

Attested

ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENTS REGULATIONS – 2019

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM CURRICULA AND SYLLABI FOR I TO IV SEMESTERS M.E. ENGINEERING DESIGN (FULL -TIME)

SEMESTER I

SL.	COURSE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY		ERIO R WE		TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
NO.	CODE			L	Т	Р	PERIODS	
THE	ORY							
1.	ED5151	Advanced Mechanics of Materials	PCC	3	1	0	4	4
2.	ED5152	Advanced Mechanisms in Design	PCC	3	1	0	4	4
3.	ED5153	Computer Applications in Design	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	ED5154	Vibration Analysis and Control	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	RM5151	Research Methodology and IPR	PCC	2	0	0	2	2
6.		Program Elective - I	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.		Audit Course - I*	AC	2	0	0	2	0
PRA	CTICAL	17/44						
8.	ED5111	Cad and Design for Manufacture and Assembly Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
9.	ED5112	Noise, Vibration and Harshness Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
			TOTAL	19	2	8	29	23

^{*} Audit Course is optional.

SEMESTER II

SL. NO.	COURSE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY		ERIOI R WE		TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
NO.	CODE			L	Т	Р	PERIODS	
THEC	DRY	■ PROGRESS Tr	BROUGH K	NUI	MLE	Dil		
1.	ED5251	Designing with Advanced Materials	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	ED5252	Finite Element Methods in Mechanical Design	PCC	თ	1	0	4	4
3.	ED5253	Integrated Product Design and Process Development	PCC	თ	0	0	3	3
4.		Program Elective - II	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.		Program Elective - III	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.		Program Elective - IV	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.		Audit Course – II*	AC	2	0	0	2	0
PRAC	CTICAL							
8.	ED5261	Simulation and Analysis Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
9.	PD5461	Product Design Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
			TOTAL	20	1	8	29 AH	23

^{*} Audit Course is optional.

SEMESTER III

SL.	COURSE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY		RIO R WE		TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
NO.	CODE			L	Т	Р	PERIODS	
THE	DRY				•			
1.		Program Elective-V	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.		Program Elective-VI	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.		Open Elective	OE	3	0	0	3	3
PRAG	CTICAL							
4.	ED5311	Technical Seminar	EEC	0	0	2	2	1
5.	ED5312	Dissertation - I	EEC	0	0	12	12	6
			TOTAL	9	0	14	23	16

SEMESTER IV

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY		PERIODS PER WEEK L T P		TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
PRA	CTICAL							
1	ED5411	Dissertation - II	EEC	0	0	24	24	12
		V 337	TOTAL	0	0	24	24	12

TOTAL NO. OF CREDITS: 74

PROGRESS THROUGH KNOWLEDGE

Attested

PROGRAM CORE COURSES (PCC)

SL.	COURSE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY		ERIOI R WE		TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
NO.	CODE	OOOROL IIILL	OAILOOKI	L	T	Р	PERIODS	OKEDITO
1.	ED5111	CAD and Design for Manufacture and Assembly Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
2.	ED5112	Noise, Vibration and Harshness Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
3.	ED5151	Advanced Mechanics of Materials	PCC	3	1	0	3	4
4.	ED5152	Advanced Mechanisms in Design	PCC	3	1	0	4	4
5.	ED5153	Computer Applications in Design	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	ED5154	Vibration Analysis and Control	PCC	4	0	0	4	4
7.	ED5251	Designing with Advanced Materials	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
8.	ED5252	Finite Element Methods in Mechanical Design	PCC	3	1	0	4	4
9.	ED5253	Integrated Product Design and Process Development	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
10.	ED5261	Simulation and Analysis Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
11.	PD5461	Product Design Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2

PROGRAM ELECTIVES COURSES

SEMESTER I, ELECTIVES - I

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY		RIO PER VEE		TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	Т	Р	LINIODO	
1.	ED5075	Design for Sustainability	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	ED5074	Composite Materials and	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
		Mechanics						
3.	ED5077	Design of Hydraulic and	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
		Pneumatic Systems						

SEMESTER II, ELECTIVES - II

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK		PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
					T	Р	PERIODS			
1.	ED5001	Surface Engineering	PEC	3	0	0	3	3		
2.	ED5072	Advanced Machine Tool Design	PEC	3	0	0	3	3		
3.	PD5351	Product Lifecycle Management	PEC	3	0	0	3	3		

Attested

SEMESTER II, ELECTIVES - III

SL. NO.	COURSE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
NO.	CODE			L	Т	Р	PERIODS	
1.	ED5081	Optimization	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
		Techniques in Design						
2.	ED5082	Quality Concepts in	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
		Design						
3.	ED5080	Mechanical	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
		Measurements and						
		Analysis						

SEMESTER II, ELECTIVES - IV

SL. NO.	COURSE	COURSE TITLE			TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS		
110.	OODL		attended to	L	Τ	Р	PERIODS	
1.	ED5084	Vehicle Dynamics	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	ED5078	Engineering Fracture Mechanics	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	ED5073	Bearing Design and Rotor Dynamics	PEC	3	0	0	3	3

SEMESTER III, ELECTIVES -V

SL. NO.	COURSE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY		ERIO R W	DS EEK	TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
NO.	CODE	17/44		L	T	Р	PERIODS	
1.	ED5071	Advanced Finite Element Analysis	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	ED5076	Design of Hybrid and Electric Vehicles	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	ED5083	Tribology in Design	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	CI5151	Solid Freeform Manufacturing *	PEC	3	0	0	3	3

		SEMESTER	III, ELECTIVES	-VI		M		
SL. NO.	COURSE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY		ERIO R W	DS EEK	TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
NO.	CODE	PROGRESS IN	SOURCE WILL	-11	T	Р	PERIODS	
1.	ED5079	Material Handling Systems and Design	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	PD5151	Creativity and Innovation	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	IC5251	Computational Fluid Dynamics	PEC	3	0	0	3	3

^{*}Solid Freeform Manufacturing shifted from Semester II, Electives IV to Semester III, Electives V.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND IPR COURSES (RMC)

SL. NO.	COURSE	COURSE TITLE	PE	RIODS WEE		CREDITS	SEMESTER
NO.	CODE		L	T	Ρ		
1	RM5151	Research Methodology and IPR	2 0		0	2	1

OPEN ELECTIVE COURSES [OEC]

(Out of 6 Courses one Course must be selected)

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
NO.				L	Т	Р	PERIODS	
1.	OE5091	Business Data Analytics	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	OE5092	Industrial Safety	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	OE5093	Operations Research	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	OE5094	Cost Management of Engineering Projects	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	OE5095	Composite Materials	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	OE5096	Waste to Energy	OEC	3	0	0	3	3

AUDIT COURSES (AC) Registration for any of these courses is optional to students

SL. NO.	COURSE	COURSE TITLE	X^*	PERIODS WEEK		CREDITS
NO.	CODE		L	~ T_	Р	
1.	AX5091	English for Research Paper Writing	2	0	0	0
2.	AX5092	Disaster Management	2	0	0	0
3.	AX5093	Sanskrit for Technical Knowledge	2	0	0	0
4.	AX5094	Value Education	2	0	0	0
5.	AX5095	Constitution of India	2	0	0	0
6.	AX5096	Pedagogy Studies	2	0	0	0
7.	AX5097	Stress Management by Yoga	2	0	0	0
8.	AX5098	Personality Development Through Life Enlightenment Skills	2	0	0	0
9.	AX5099	Unnat Bharat Abhiyan	2	0	0	0

EMPLOYABILITY ENHANCEMENT COURSES (EEC)

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY		IODS F WEEK	PER	TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
NO.				┙	Т	Р	PERIODS	
1.	ED5311	Technical Seminar	EEC	0	0	2	2	1
2.	ED5312	Dissertation-I	EEC	0	0	12	12	6
3.	ED5411	Dissertation-II	EEC	0	0	24	24	12

Altested

ED5151

ADVANCED MECHANICS OF MATERIALS

L T P C 3 1 0 4

OBJECTIVES

- 1. To learn the concepts of theory of elasticity in three-dimensional stress system.
- 2. To study the shear centre of various cross-sections and deflections in beams subjected to unsymmetrical bending.
- 3. To learn the stresses in flat plates and curved members.
- 4. To study torsional stress of non-circular sections.
- 5. To learn the stresses in rotating members, contact stresses in point and line contact applications.

UNIT-I ELASTICITY

9+3

Stress-Strain relations and general equations of elasticity in Cartesian, Polar and curvilinear coordinates, differential equations of equilibrium-compatibility-boundary conditions-representation of three-dimensional stress of a tension generalized hook's law - St. Venant's principle - plane stress - Airy's stress function. Energy methods.

UNIT-II SHEAR CENTRE AND UNSYMMETRICAL BENDING

9+3

Location of shear centre for various thin sections - shear flows. Stresses and Deflections in beams subjected to unsymmetrical loading-kern of a section.

UNIT-III STRESSES IN FLAT PLATES AND CURVED MEMBERS

9+3

Circumference and radial stresses – deflections - curved beam with restrained ends - closed ring subjected to concentrated load and uniform load - chain links and crane hooks. Solution of rectangular plates – pure bending of plates – deflection – uniformly distributed load – various end conditions

UNIT-IV TORSION OF NON-CIRCULAR SECTIONS

9+3

Torsion of rectangular cross section - St. Venants theory - elastic membrane analogy - Prandtl's stress function - torsional stress in hollow thin walled tubes.

UNIT-V STRESSES IN ROTATING MEMBERS AND CONTACT STRESSES

9+3

Radial and tangential stresses in solid disc and ring of uniform thickness and varying thickness allowable speeds. Methods of computing contact stress-deflection of bodies in point and line contact applications.

TOTAL = 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course the student will be able to

- apply the concepts of theory of elasticity in three-dimensional stress system.
- 2. determine the shear centre of various cross-sections and deflections in beams subjected to unsymmetrical bending.
- 3. evaluate the stresses in flat plates and curved members.
- 4. calculate torsional stress of non-circular sections.
- 5. determine the stresses in rotating members, contact stresses in point and line contact applications.

Attested

REFERENCES:

- 1. Arthur P Boresi, Richard J. Schmidt, "Advanced Mechanics of Materials", Wiley India Pvt.Ltd., 2009.
- 2. Hibbeler. R.C., "Mechanics of Materials", Prentice Hall, 2011.
- 3. Robert D. Cook, Warren C. Young, "Advanced Mechanics of Materials", Prentice Hall, 1999.
- 4. Srinath. L.S., "Advanced Mechanics of Solids", Tata McGraw Hill, 2009.
- 5. Timoshenko and Goodier, "Theory of Elasticity", Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.

CO						Р	0						PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.9	0.6	0.6		0.6								0.6	0.6	0.3
2	0.9	0.6	0.6		0.6								0.6	0.6	0.3
3	0.9	0.6	0.6		0.6		-						0.6	0.6	0.3
4	0.9	0.6	0.6		0.6								0.6	0.6	0.3
5	0.9	0.6	0.6		0.6								0.6	0.6	0.3

0.3- Low

0.6- Medium

0.9- High

ED5152

ADVANCED MECHANISMS IN DESIGN

L T P C 3 1 0 4

OBJECTIVES

- 1. To learn the concepts of gross motion capability and develop multi loop kinematic chains and equivalent mechanisms
- 2. To study complex mechanisms to determine velocity and acceleration of output links.
- 3. To learn to locate inflection points and to draw the inflection circle
- 4. To study the synthesis of planar mechanisms
- 5. To learn to design of six bar coupler driven mechanisms and cam mechanisms

UNIT-I INTRODUCTION

9+3

Review of fundamentals of kinematics-classifications of mechanisms-components of mechanisms – mobility analysis – formation of one D.O.F. multi loop kinematic chains, Network formula – Gross motion concepts-Basic kinematic structures of serial and parallel robot manipulators-Compliant mechanisms-Equivalent mechanisms.

UNIT-II KINEMATIC ANALYSIS

9+3

Position Analysis – Vector loop equations for four bar, slider crank, inverted slider crank, geared five bar and six bar linkages. Analytical methods for velocity and acceleration Analysis – four bar linkage jerk analysis. Plane complex mechanisms-auxiliary point method. Spatial RSSR mechanism-Denavit-Hartenberg Parameters – Forward and inverse kinematics of robot manipulators.

UNIT-III PATH CURVATURE THEORY, COUPLER CURVE

9+3

Fixed and moving centrodes, inflection points and inflection circle. Euler Savary equation, graphical constructions – cubic of stationary curvature. Four bar coupler curve-cusp -crunode - coupler driven six-bar mechanisms-straight line mechanisms

Type synthesis – Number synthesis – Associated Linkage Concept. Dimensional synthesis – function generation, path generation, motion generation. Graphical methods-Pole technique inversion technique-point position reduction-two, three and four position synthesis of four-bar mechanisms. Analytical methods- Freudenstein's Equation-Bloch's Synthesis.

UNIT-V SYNTHESIS OF COUPLER CURVE BASED MECHANISMS & CAM MECHANISMS

9+3

Cognate Lingages-parallel motion Linkages. Design of six bar mechanisms-single dwell-double dwell-double stroke. Geared five bar mechanism-multi-dwell. Cam Mechanisms- determination of optimum size of cams. Mechanism defects. Study and use of Mechanism using Simulation Software packages. Students should design and fabricate a mechanism model as term project.

TOTAL = 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course the student will be able to

- 1. Apply concepts of gross motion capability and develop multi loop kinematic chains and equivalent mechanisms
- 2. Determine velocity and acceleration of complex mechanisms
- 3. Evaluate inflection points and draw the inflection circle
- 4. Synthesise planar mechanisms
- 5. Design of six bar coupler driven mechanisms and cam mechanisms

REFERENCES:

- 1. Amitabha Ghosh and Asok Kumar Mallik, "Theory of Mechanism and Machines", EWLP, Delhi, 1999.
- 2. Kenneth J, Waldron, Gary L. Kinzel, "Kinematics, Dynamics and Design of Machinery", John Wiley-sons, 2016.
- 3. Robert L.Norton., "Design of Machinery", Tata McGraw Hill, 2012
- 4. Sandor G.N., and Erdman A.G., "Advanced Mechanism Design Analysis and Synthesis", Prentice Hall, 1984.
- 5. Uicker, J.J., Pennock, G. R. and Shigley, J.E., "Theory of Machines and Mechanisms", Oxford University Press, 2017.

PROGRESS THROUGH KNOWLED

0.3- Low 0.6- Medium 0.9- High

CO						Р	0						PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.9								0.9	0.3	0.6
2	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.9								0.9	0.3	0.6
3	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.9								0.9	0.3	0.6
4	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.9								0.9	0.3	0.6
5	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.9								0.9	0.3	0.6

Attested

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To understand fundamental concepts of computer graphics and its tools in a generic framework.
- 2. To impart the parametric fundamentals to create and manipulate geometric models using curves, surfaces and solids.
- 3. To impart the parametric fundamentals to create and manipulate geometric models using NURBS and solids.
- 4. To provide clear understanding of CAD systems for 3D modeling and viewing.
- 5. To create strong skills of assembly modeling and prepare the student to be an effective user of a standards in CAD system.

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER GRAPHICS FUNDAMENTALS

Overview of Graphics systems: Video Display Devices, Raster-Scan System, Random-Scan Systems, Graphics Monitors and Workstations, Input Devices, Hard-Copy Devices, Graphics Software.

Output primitives: Line Drawing Algorithm - DDA, Bresenham's and Parallel Line Algorithm. Circle generating algorithm - Midpoint Circle Algorithm.

Geometric Transformations: Coordinate Transformations, Windowing and Clipping, transformations-Translation, Scaling, Shearing, Rotation and Reflection, Composite transformation, 3D transformations.

UNIT - II **CURVES AND SURFACES MODELLING**

Introduction to curves - Analytical curves: line, circle and conics - synthetic curves: Hermite cubic spline- Bezier curve and B-Spline curve – curve manipulations.

Introduction to surfaces - Analytical surfaces: Plane surface, ruled surface, surface of revolution and tabulated cylinder - synthetic surfaces: Hermitebicubic surface- Bezier surface and B-Spline surfacesurface manipulations.

NURBS AND SOLID MODELING UNIT - III

NURBS- Basics- curves, lines, arcs, circle and bi linear surface. Regularized Boolean set operations primitive instancing - sweep representations - boundary representations - constructive solid Geometry - comparison of representations - user interface for solid modeling.

UNIT - IV VISUAL REALISM

Hidden Line removal, Hidden Surface removal, - Hidden Solid Removal algorithms - Shading -Colorina.

Animation - Conventional, Computer animation, Engineering animation - types and techniques.

UNIT - V ASSEMBLY OF PARTS AND PRODUCT LIFE CYCLE MANAGEMENT

9

Assembly modeling - Design for manufacture - Design for assembly - computer aided DFMA inferences of positions and orientation - tolerances analysis -Center of Gravity and mass property calculations - mechanism simulation. Graphics and computing standards - Data Exchange standards. Product development and management - new product development -models utilized in various phases of new product development – managing product life cycle.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Solve 2D and 3D transformations for the basic entities like line and circle.
- 2. Formulate the basic mathematics fundamental to CAD system.
- 3. Use the different geometric modeling techniques like feature based modeling, surface modeling and solid modeling.
- 4. Create geometric models through animation and transform them into real world systems
- 5. Simulate assembly of parts using Computer-Aided Design software.

DIRECTOR Centre for Academic Courses Anna University, Chennai-600 025

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

- 1. Boothroyd, G, "Assembly Automation and Product Design" Marcel Dekker, New York, 1991.
- 2. Chitale A.K and Gupta R.C "Product design and manufacturing " PHI learning private limited, 6th Edition, 2015.
- 3. David Rogers, James Alan Adams "Mathematical Elements for Computer Graphics" 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill edition.2002
- 4. Donald D Hearn and M. Pauline Baker "Computer Graphics C Version", Prentice Hall, Inc., 2nd Edition, 1996.
- 5. Ibrahim Zeid, "Mastering CAD/CAM", McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, 2006
- 6. William M Newman and Robert F.Sproull "Principles of Interactive Computer Graphics", Mc Graw Hill Book Co. 1stEdition, 2001.

0.3- Low

0.6- Medium

0.9- High

СО						Р	0						PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.6	0.9	0.6		0.9					0.6			0.9		0.6
2	0.6	0.9	0.6		0.9					0.6			0.9		0.6
3	0.6	0.9	0.6		0.9	-		1 1 1		0.6			0.9		0.6
4	0.6	0.9	0.6		0.9	1			15	0.6			0.9		0.6
5	0.6	0.9	0.6		0.9				-	0.6			0.9		0.6

ED5154

VIBRATION ANALYSIS AND CONTROL

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES

- To appreciate the basic concepts of vibration in damped and undamped systems
- To calculate the natural frequencies and mode shapes of the two degree freedom systems
- To determine the natural frequencies and mode shapes of the multi degree freedom and continuous systems
- To learn the fundamentals of control techniques of vibration and noise levels
- To use the instruments for the measuring and analyzing the vibration levels in a body

UNIT-I FUNDAMENTALS OF VIBRATION

9+3

Introduction -Sources of Vibration-Mathematical Models- Displacement, velocity and Acceleration-Review Of Single Degree Freedom Systems -Vibration isolation Vibrometers and accelerometers - Response To Arbitrary and non- harmonic Excitations – Transient Vibration –Impulse loads-Critical Speed Of Shaft-Rotor systems

UNIT-II TWO DEGREE FREEDOM SYSTEM

9+3

Introduction-Free Vibration Of Undamped And Damped - Forced Vibration With Harmonic Excitation System –Coordinate Couplings And Principal Coordinates.

UNIT-III MULTI-DEGREE FREEDOM SYSTEM AND CONTINUOUS SYSTEM

9+3

Multi Degree Freedom System –Influence Coefficients and stiffness coefficients- Flexibility Matrix and Stiffness Matrix – Eigen Values and Eigen Vectors-Matrix Iteration Method –Approximate Methods: Dunkerley, Rayleigh's, and Holzer Method -Geared Systems-Eigen Values & Eigenvectors for large system of equations using sub space, Lanczos method - Continuous System: Vibration of String, Shafts and Beams

UNIT-IV VIBRATION AND NOISE CONTROL

9+3

Specification of Vibration Limits – Vibration severity standards- Vibration as condition Monitoring Tool-Vibration Isolation methods - Dynamic Vibration Absorber - Static and Dynamic Balancing machines – Field balancing - Major sources of noise – Noise survey techniques – Measurement technique for vehicular noise – Road vehicle noise standards – Industrial noise sources – Control Strategies – Noise control at the source and along the path – use of acoustic barriers – Noise control at the receiver.

UNIT-V EXPERIMENTAL METHODS IN VIBRATION ANALYSIS

9+3

Vibration Analysis Overview - Experimental Methods in Vibration Analysis.-Vibration Measuring Instruments - Selection of Sensors- Accelerometer Mountings. -Vibration Exciters-Mechanical, Hydraulic, Electromagnetic And Electrodynamics –Frequency Measuring Instruments-. System Identification from Frequency Response -Testing for resonance and mode shapes

TOTAL = 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course the student will be able to

- 1. apply the basic concepts of vibration in damped and undamped systems
- 2. determine the natural frequencies and mode shapes of the two degree freedom systems.
- 3. calculate the natural frequencies and mode shapes of the multi degree freedom and continuous systems
- 4. control the vibration and noise levels in a body
- 5. measure and analyze the vibration levels in a body

REFERENCES:

- 1. Graham Kelly. Sand Shashidhar K. Kudari, "Mechanical Vibrations", Tata McGraw –Hill Publishing Com. Ltd., 2007
- 2. Singiresu S. Rao," Mechanical Vibrations," Pearson Education Incorporated, 2017
- 3. Ramamurti. V, "Mechanical Vibration Practice with Basic Theory", Narosa Publishing House. 2000
- 4. William T. Thomson, "Theory of Vibration with Applications", Taylor & Francis, 2003

0.3- Low 0.6- Medium 0.9- High

СО		I PROGRESS PO ROUGH KNOWLEDG											PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.9	0.9	0.6			0.3							0.3	0.6	0.3
2	0.9	0.6	0.6		0.6			0.3					0.3	0.6	0.3
3	0.9	0.6	0.6		0.6			0.3					0.3	0.6	
4	0.9	0.9	0.9		0.6			0.3					0.3	0.6	0.3
5	0.6	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.6			0.3					0.3	0.6	0.3

Attested

L T P C 2 0 0 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

To impart knowledge and skills required for research and IPR:

- Problem formulation, analysis and solutions.
- Technical paper writing / presentation without violating professional ethics
- Patent drafting and filing patents.

UNIT I RESEARCH PROBLEM FORMULATION

6

Meaning of research problem- Sources of research problem, criteria characteristics of a good research problem, errors in selecting a research problem, scope and objectives of research problem. Approaches of investigation of solutions for research problem, data collection, analysis, interpretation, necessary instrumentations

UNIT II LITERATURE REVIEW

6

Effective literature studies approaches, analysis, plagiarism, and research ethics.

UNIT III TECHNICALWRITING /PRESENTATION

6

Effective technical writing, how to write report, paper, developing a research proposal, format of research proposal, a presentation and assessment by a review committee.

UNIT IV INTRODUCTION TO INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS (IPR)

6

Nature of Intellectual Property: Patents, Designs, Trade and Copyright. Process of Patenting and Development: technological research, innovation, patenting, development. International Scenario: International cooperation on Intellectual Property. Procedure for grants of patents, Patenting under PCT.

UNIT V INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS (IPR)

6

Patent Rights: Scope of Patent Rights. Licensing and transfer of technology. Patent information and databases. Geographical Indications. New Developments in IPR: Administration of Patent System, IPR of Biological Systems, Computer Software etc.

Traditional knowledge Case Studies, IPR and IITs.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COURCE OUTCOMES:

- 1. Ability to formulate research problem
- 2. Ability to carry out research analysis
- 3. Ability to follow research ethics
- 4. Ability to understand that today's world is controlled by Computer, Information Technology, but tomorrow world will be ruled by ideas, concept, and creativity
- 5. Ability to understand about IPR and filing patents in R & D.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	✓	✓										
CO2	√											
CO3	√							✓				
CO4	✓				✓							
CO5	✓					✓						✓

REFERENCES:

- 1. Asimov, "Introduction to Design", Prentice Hall, 1962.
- 2. Halbert, "Resisting Intellectual Property", Taylor & Francis Ltd., 2007.
- 3. Mayall, "Industrial Design", McGraw Hill, 1992.
- 4. Niebel, "Product Design", McGraw Hill, 1974.
- 5. Ranjit Kumar, 2nd Edition, "Research Methodology: A Step by Step Guide for beginners" 2010.

DIRECTOR
Centre for Academic Courses
Anna University, Chennai-600 025

Attested

ED5111 CAD AND DESIGN FOR MANUFACTURE AND ASSEMBLY LABORATORY

0 0 4 2

- CAD Introduction.
- Sketcher
- Solid modeling Extrude, Revolve, Sweep, etc and Variational sweep, Loft ,etc
- Surface modeling –Extrude, Sweep, Trim, etc and Mesh of curves, Free form etc
- Feature manipulation Copy, Edit, Pattern, Suppress, History operations etc.
- Assembly Constraints, Exploded Views, Interference check
- Drafting Layouts, Standard & Sectional Views, Detailing & Plotting.

Exercises in modeling and drafting of mechanical components - assembly using parametric and feature based packages. 2D TO 3D CONVERSION.

DESIGN FOR MANUFACTURE AND ASSEMBLY LABORATORY

Introduction to Design for Assembly and Manufacturability (DFA/DFM)- The New Product Design (NPD) Process-Design for Assembly —Assembly Method Selection-Design for Assembly — Boothroyd -

Dewhurst Method-Cost Estimation Using DFM

The students will be given training on the use and application of the following

1. DFMA software 30 TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course the student will be able to

- 1. Use the modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice
- 2. Draw 2D part drawings, sectional views and assembly drawings as per standards.
- 3. Create 3D Model on any CAD software.
- 4. Convert 3D solid models into 2D drawing and prepare different views, sections and dimensioning of part models.
- 5. familiarize with DFMA package which is necessary for cost estimation and evaluating the product design

0.3- Low	0.6- Medium	0.9- High

CO				in no		ya.a. F	0	0117	91.1.67	LLOS		D. A.E		PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.3	0.6	0.3	0.3									0.6	0.6	0.3
2	0.3	0.6	0.3	0.3									0.6	0.6	0.3
3	0.3	0.6	0.3	0.3									0.6	0.6	0.3
4	0.3	0.6	0.3	0.3									0.6	0.6	0.3
5	0.3	0.6	0.3	0.3									0.6	0.6	0.3

Attested

L T P C

OBJECTIVE:

ED5112

To impart knowledge on the fundamentals of vibration and noise, practical use of instruments for measurement of vibration and noise

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

30

- 1) Determination of stiffness and natural frequency of undamped spring-mass systems arranged in series, parallel and series-parallel fashions
- 2) Determination of natural frequency a single rotor shaft system
- 3) Determination of critical speed of shaft
- 4) Dynamic balancing of a rotor
- 5) Determination of natural frequency and mode shapes of specimens supported at its ends
- 6) Determination of damping coefficient of specimens supported at its ends
- 7) Forced vibration of a component vibrated through sine profile Determination of natural frequency and durability
- 8) Forced vibration of a component vibrated through random profile Determination of natural frequency and durability
- 9) Measurement of noise level using a sound level meter

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course the student will be able to

- 1. determine the natural frequency, damping coefficient, mode shapes and critical speed of various systems
- 2. apply the concepts of dynamic balancing technique to balance various components.
- 3. vibrate components using shakers and test for their durability.
- 4. determine the noise levels in various components.

0.3- Low 0.6- Medium 0.9- High

СО				D/A	3 D.C	oo P	0	91/2	ПИ	นกน	UI ET	YAE		PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.9									0.3	0.3
2	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.9									0.6	0.6
3	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.9									0.6	0.6
4	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.9									0.3	0.3
5															l

Attested

OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for:

- 1. analyzing the different strengthening and failure mechanism of the metals
- 2. applying the effects of metallurgical parameters in the materials design
- 3. analyzing the relationship between the selection of materials and processing
- 4. developing the novel material through understanding the properties of the existing metallic materials
- 5. analyzing the different materials used in the engineering applications

UNIT-I BASIC CONCEPTS OF MATERIAL BEHAVIOR

q

9

Engineering Design process and the role of materials; materials classification and their properties, Strengthening mechanisms-grain size reduction, solid solution strengthening, strain hardening, grain boundary strengthening, precipitation, particle, fibre and dispersion strengthening, Effect of temperature, strain and strain rate on plastic behavior – Super plasticity –Failure of metals

UNIT-II BEHAVIOUR UNDER CYCLIC LOADS AND DESIGN APPROACHES

Stress intensity factor and fracture toughness – Fatigue-low and high cycle fatigue test, fracture mechanisms and Paris law.- Effect of surface and metallurgical parameters on fatigue – Safe life, Stress-life, strain-life and fail - safe design approaches- Fracture of nonmetallic Materials – Failure analysis, sources of failure, procedure of failure analysis

UNIT-III SELECTION OF MATERIALS

9

Selection of materials based on function, Objective, Constraints, free variables and service requirements – Relationship between materials selection and processing – Case studies in advanced materials selection with relevance to aero, auto, marine, machinery and nuclear applications

UNIT-IV MODERN METALLIC MATERIALS

9

Steels-Advanced high strength steel, Dual phase (DP) steel, Transformation induced plasticity (TRIP) Steel, Maraging steel, Nitrogen steel, Austenitic steel and Q&P steels – Intermetallics, Ni and Ti aluminides-Alloys–Al, Mg, Cu,Super alloys-Iron base, Cobalt base, Nickel base. Metal matrix composites (MMC).

UNIT-V NON METALLIC MATERIALS

9

Polymeric materials – Formation of polymer structure, properties and applications of engineering polymers, Environmental aspects of polymers – Ceramic- Advanced ceramics, WC, TIC, TaC, Al_2O_3 , SiC, Si_3N_4 CBN and diamond – Fracture of ceramics-Stress strain behavior-Deformation behavior. Glasses-Clay products-refractory ceramics, Composite Materials-GFRP and CFRP laminated composite.

TOTAL = 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course the student will be able to

- 1. analyze the different strengthening and failure mechanism of the metals
- 2. apply the effects of metallurgical parameters in the materials design
- 3. analyze the relationship between the selection of materials and processing
- 4. develop the novel material through understanding the properties of the existing metallic materials
- 5. analyze the different materials used in the engineering applications

Attested

REFERENCES:

- 1. George E.Dieter, Mechanical Metallurgy, McGraw Hill, 1988
- 2. Thomas H. Courtney, Mechanical Behavior of Materials, (2nd edition), McGraw Hill, 2000
- 3. Willam D. CallisterJr.and David G. Rethwisch, Callister's Materials Science and Engineering,(2nd edition)Wiley Editorial,2018
- 4. Charles, J.A., Crane, F.A.A. and Fumess, J.A.G., Selection and use of engineering materials, (34d edition), Butterworth-Heiremann, 1997
- 5. Flinn, R.A., and Trojan, P.K., Engineering Materials and their Applications, (4th Edition) Jaico. 1999
- 6. Metals Hand book, Vol.10, Failure Analysis and Prevention, (10th Edition), Jaico, 1999
- 7. Ashby M.F., materials selection in Mechanical Design 2nd Edition, Butter worth 1999
- 8. www.astm.org/labs/pages/131350.htm

0.3- Low

0.6- Medium

0.9- High

CO						P	0			-				PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.9		0.9	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.6					0.6	0.3	0.9	0.6
2	0.9		0.9	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.6		15			0.6	0.3	0.9	0.6
3	0.9		0.9	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.6		-	D.	N	0.6	0.3	0.9	0.6
4	0.9		0.9	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.6		1		1	0.6	0.3	0.9	0.6
5	0.9		0.9	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.6					0.6	0.3	0.9	0.6

ED5252 FINITE ELEMENT METHODS IN MECHANICAL DESIGN

LTPC

3 1 0 4

OBJECTIVES

- To learn mathematical models for one dimensional problems and their numerical solutions
- To learn two dimensional scalar and vector variable problems to determine field variables
- To learn Isoparametric transformation and numerical integration for evaluation of element matrices
- To study various solution techniques to solve Eigen value problems
- To learn solution techniques to solve non-linear problems

UNIT-I FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS OF ONE DIMENSIONAL PROBLEMS

9+3

Historical Background – Weighted Residual Methods - Basic Concept of FEM – Variational Formulation of B.V.P. – Ritz Method – Finite Element Modelling – Element Equations – Linear and Higher order Shape functions – Bar, Beam Elements –Applications to Heat Transfer problems.

UNIT-II FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS OF TWO DIMENSIONAL PROBLEMS

9+3

Basic Boundary Value Problems in two-dimensions – Linear and higher order Triangular, quadrilateral elements – Poisson's and Laplace's Equation – Weak Formulation – Element Matrices and Vectors – Application to scalar variable problems - Introduction to Theory of Elasticity – Plane Stress – Plane Strain and Axisymmetric Formulation – Principle of virtual work – Element matrices using energy approach

UNIT-III ISO-PARAMETRIC FORMULATION

9+3

Natural Co-ordinate Systems – Lagrangian Interpolation Polynomials – Isoparametric Elements – Formulation – Shape functions -one dimensional , two dimensional triangular and quadrilateral elements -Serendipity elements- Jacobian transformation - Numerical Integration – Gauss quadrature – one, two and three point integration

UNIT-IV EIGEN VALUE PROBLEMS

9+3

Dynamic Analysis – Equations of Motion – Consistent and lumped mass matrices – Free Vibration analysis – Natural frequencies of Longitudinal, Transverse and torsional vibration – Solution of Eigenvalue problems - Introduction to transient field problems

UNIT-V NON-LINEAR ANALYSIS

9+3

Introduction to Non-linear problems - some solution techniques- computational procedure-material non-linearity-Plasticity and viscoplasticity, stress stiffening, contact interfaces- problems of gaps and contact - geometric non-linearity - modeling considerations - Free and Mapped meshing -Mesh quality- Error estimate

TOTAL = 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course the student will be able to

- 1. Develop mathematical models for one dimensional problems and their numerical solutions
- 2. Determine field variables for two dimensional scalar and vector variable problems
- 3. Apply Isoparametric transformation and numerical integration for evaluation of element matrices
- 4. Apply various solution techniques to solve Eigen value problems
- 5. Formulate solution techniques to solve non-linear problems

REFERENCES:

- 1. Bathe K.J., "Finite Element Procedures in Engineering Analysis", Prentice Hall, 1990
- 2. David Hutton, "Fundamentals of Finite Element Analysis", Tata McGrawHill, 2005
- 3. Rao, S.S., "The Finite Element Method in Engineering", 6th Edition, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2018.
- Reddy,J.N. "Introduction to the Finite Element Method", 4 thEdition, Tata McGrawHill,2018
- 5. Seshu.P, "Text Book of Finite Element Analysis", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., NewDelhi, 2012.
- 6. TirupathiR.Chandrupatla and Ashok D.Belegundu, "Introduction to Finite Elements in Engineering", International Edition, Pearson Education Limited, 2014.

0.3- Low

0.6- Medium

0.9- High

СО						Р	0							PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.9								0.9	0.3	0.6
2	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.9								0.9	0.3	0.6
3	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.9								0.9	0.3	0.6
4	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.9								0.9	0.3	0.6
5	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.9								0.9	0.3	0.6

Attested

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To Understand the principles of generic development process; product planning; customer need analysis for new product design and development.
- 2. To enhance the understanding of setting product specifications and generate, select, screen, and test concepts for new product design and development.
- 3. To apply the principles of product architecture and the importance of industrial design principles and DFM principles for new product development.
- 4. To expose the different Prototyping techniques, Design of Experiment principles to develop a robust design and importance to patent a developed new product.
- 5. Applying the concepts of economics principles; project management practices in development of new product.

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION TO PRODUCT DESIGN AND IDENTIFICATION OF 9 CUSTOMER NEED

Need for IPPD - Strategic importance of Product development -Duration and Cost of Product Development - Challenges in Product Development - Product Development - Processes and Organizations - Activities in Identifying Customer Needs

UNIT – II PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS, CONCEPT GENERATION, SELECTION 9 AND TESTING

Plan and establish Target and Final product specifications – Activities of Concept Generation - Task - Concept Selection methodology – Concept Screening and Scoring - Concept Testing Methodologies.

UNIT – III PRODUCT ARCHITECTURE, INDUSTRIAL DESIGN AND DESIGN FOR 9 MANUFACTURE

Product Architecture – Implications and establishing the architecture – Delayed Differentiation – Platform Planning - Need and impact of industrial design - Industrial design process - management of the industrial design process - assessing the quality of industrial design – DFM Definition - Estimation of Manufacturing cost- Reducing the component costs, costs of supporting function and assembly costs – Impact of DFM decision on other factors.

UNIT – IV PROTOTYPING, ROBUST DESIGN AND INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY 9 Prototype basics - Principles of prototyping - Planning for prototypes - Robust design – Seven step process of Robust Design through Design of Experiments- Need and Importance of Intellectual Property – Seven step process of preparing a patent document.

UNIT – V PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT ECONOMICS AND MANAGING PROJECTS 9Economic Analysis – Elements of Economic Analysis - Understanding and representing tasks-baseline project planning - accelerating the project - project execution – postmortem project evaluation.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Attested

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Apply the principles of generic development process; product planning; customer need analysis for new product design and development.
- 2. Set product specifications and generate, select, screen, test concepts for new product design and development.
- 3. Apply the principles of product architecture, industrial design and design for manufacturing principles in new product development.
- 4. Apply the adopt Prototyping techniques and Design of Experiment principles to develop a robust design and document a new product for patent.
- 5. Apply of the concepts of economics principles; project management practices in accelerating the new product development activity.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Karl T.Ulrich, Steven D.Eppinger, Anita Goyal, "Product Design and Development", McGraw –Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd, 4th Edition, 2012.
- 2. Kenneth Crow, "Concurrent Engineering/Integrated Product Development". DRM Associates, 6/3, Via Olivera, Palos Verdes, CA 90274(310) 377-569, Workshop Book
- 3. Kevin N Otto, Kristin L Wood, "Product Design Techniques in Reverse Engineering and New Product Development", Pearson Education, Inc, 2016
- 4. Stephen Rosenthal, "Effective Product Design and Development", Business One Orwin, Homewood, 1992
- 5. Stuart Pugh, "Total Design Integrated Methods for successful Product Engineering", Addison Wesley Publishing, Neyourk, NY, 1991.

0.3- Low 0.6- Medium 0.9- High

CO				7		Р	0					- 1		PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9							0.9	0.9	0.9	0.6
2	0.9	0.6	0.9	0.9	0.9					0.6		0.6	0.9	0.6	0.9
3	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.6			1 %					0.6	0.6	0.3
4	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9					0.6		0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
5	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.9		===			0.6		0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

ED5261

SIMULATION AND ANALYSIS LABORATORY

TPC

0 0 4 2

OBJECTIVES:

• To give exposure to software tools needed to analyze engineering problems.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Force and Stress analysis using link elements in Trusses.
- 2. Stress and deflection analysis in beams with different support conditions.
- 3. Stress analysis of flat plates.
- 4. Stress analysis of axi-symmetric components.
- 5. Thermal stress and heat transfer analysis of plates.
- 6. Thermal stress analysis of cylindrical shells.
- 7. Vibration analysis of spring-mass systems.
- 8. Modal analysis of Beams.
- 9. Harmonic, transient and spectrum analysis of simple systems.
- 10. Analysis of machine elements under dynamic loads
- 11. Analysis of non-linear systems

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

DIRECTOR
Centre for Academic Courses
Anna University, Chennai-600 025

Attested

LIST OF EQUIPMENTS / SOFTWARE:

Finite Element Analysis packages

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. Solve engineering problems numerically using Computer Aided Finite Element Analysis packages

0.3- Low 0.6- Medium 0.9- High

СО						P	0							PSO	
CO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.6								0.3	0.6	0.3	
2	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.6								0.3	0.6	0.3	
3	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.6								0.3	0.6	0.3	
4	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.6								0.3	0.6	0.3	
5	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.6								0.3	0.6	0.3	

PD5461

PRODUCT DESIGN LABORATORY

LTPC

0 0 4 2

OBJECTIVES:

 To give exposure to develop digital and physical prototype models using RP machine / clay models of a new product / existing product.

The students in a group have to develop digital and physical prototype models using RP machine / clay models of a new product/ existing product with enhanced feature involving the following areas:

- Automotive components
- Tool and die components
- Press tool components
- Consumer product
- Injection moulded products.

The fabricated models may be in the form of RP models, clay models, sheet metal models or cardboard models etc...

The design and development of the product will be reviewed in two stages for awarding internal marks. The end semester examination mark will be based on the demonstration of the new product developed and oral examination on the same by internal examiners.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. appreciate the use of physical prototype models for evaluating product concept
- 2. apply theoretical knowledge to design and development of physical products using clay, wood, sheet metal and RP techniques

0.3- Low

0.6- Medium

0.9- High

CO						Р	0							PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9			0.9				0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
2	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.6			0.6	0.6		0.6	0.9	0.6	0.9
3														Ab	este
4															
5															

ED5311

TECHNICAL SEMINAR

L T P (

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

OBJECTIVE:

- To work on a specific technical topic in Engineering design related topics in order to acquire the skills of oral presentation
- To acquire technical writing abilities for seminars and conferences

The students will work for two hours per week guided by a group of staff members. They will be asked to talk on any topic of their choice related to Engineering design topics and to engage in dialogue with the audience. A brief copy of their talk also should be submitted. Similarly, the students will have to present a seminar of not less than fifteen minutes and not more than thirty minutes on the technical topic. They will also answer the queries on the topic. The students as audience also should interact. Evaluation will be based on the technical presentation and the report and also on the interaction during the seminar.

OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course the student will be able to

Students comprehend concepts and methods adequate to understand inductive and deductive reasoning, and increase their general problem solving skills. Students develop communicative skills (e.g. speaking, listening, reading, and/or writing).

0.3- Low

0.6- Medium

0.9- High

CO			1	War 1	20.1	Р	0				· 7	-		PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9			0.9			14	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
2	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.6			0.6	0.6		0.6	0.9	0.6	0.9
3															
4															
5								TH							

ED5075

DESIGN FOR SUSTAINABILITY

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for:

- 1. Selecting the relevant process; applying the general design principles for manufacturability; GD&T.
- 2. Applying the design considerations while designing the cast and welded components.
- 3. Applying the design considerations while designing the formed and machined components.
- 4. Apply design considerations for assembled systems.
- 5. Apply design considerations for environmental issues.

UNIT-I INTRODUCTION

9

Introduction - Economics of process selection - General design principles for manufacturability; Geometric Dimensioning & Tolerance (GD&T) - Form tolerancing: straightness, flatness, circularity, cylindricity - Profile tolerancing: profile of a line, and surface - Orientation tolerancing: angularity, perpendicularity, parallelism - Location tolerancing: position, concentricity, symmetry - run out tolerancing: circular and total - Supplementary symbols

UNIT-II CAST & WELDED COMPONENTS DESIGN

9

Design considerations for: Sand cast – Die cast – Permanent mold parts. Arc welding – Design considerations for: Cost reduction – Minimizing distortion – Weld strength – Weldment. Resistance welding – Design considerations for: Spot – Seam – Projection – Flash & Upset weldment

UNIT-III FORMED & MACHINED COMPONENTS DESIGN

Ç

Design considerations for: Metal extruded parts – Impact/Cold extruded parts – Stamped parts – Forged parts. Design considerations for: Turned parts – Drilled parts – Milled, planned, shaped and slotted parts– Ground parts

UNIT-IV DESIGN FOR ASSEMBLY

9

Design for assembly – General assembly recommendations – Minimizing the no. of parts – Design considerations for: Rivets – Screw fasteners – Gasket & Seals – Press fits – Snap fits – Automatic assembly – Computer Application for DFMA

UNIT-V DESIGN FOR ENVIRONMENT

9

Introduction – Environmental objectives – Global issues – Regional and local issues – Basic DFE methods – Design guide lines – Example application – Lifecycle assessment – Basic method – AT&T's environmentally responsible product assessment - Weighted sum assessment method – Lifecycle assessment method – Techniques to reduce environmental impact – Design to minimize material usage – Design for disassembly – Design for recyclability – Design for manufacture – Design for energy efficiency – Design to regulations and standards

TOTAL = 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Select relevant process; apply the general design principles for manufacturability; GD&T
- 2. Apply design considerations while designing the cast and welded components
- 3. Apply design considerations while designing the formed and machined components
- 4. Apply design considerations for assembled systems.
- 5. Apply design considerations for environmental issues

REFERENCES:

- 1. Boothroyd, G, 1980 Design for Assembly Automation and Product Design. New York, Marcel Dekker
- 2. Bralla, Design for Manufacture handbook, McGraw hill, 1999
- 3. Boothroyd, G, Heartz and Nike, Product Design for Manufacture, Marcel Dekker, 1994
- 4. Dickson, John. R, and Corroda Poly, Engineering Design and Design for Manufacture and Structural Approach, Field Stone Publisher, USA, 1995
- 5. Fixel, J. Design for the Environment McGraw Hill., 1996
- 6. Graedel T. Allen By. B, Design for the Environment Angle Wood Cliff, Prentice Hall. Reason Pub., 1996
- 7. Kevin Otto and Kristin Wood, Product Design. Pearson Publication, (Fourth Impression) 2009
- 8. Harry Peck, Designing for manufacture, Pitman- 1973

0.3- Low 0.6- Medium

0.9- High

CO						Р	0							PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.6	0.9	0.9		0.9		0.9	0.6	0.3				0.9	0.6	0.9
2	0.6	0.9	0.9		0.9		0.9	0.6	0.3				0.9	0.6	0.9
3	0.6	0.9	0.9		0.9		0.9	0.6	0.3				0.9	0.6	0.9
4	0.6	0.9	0.9		0.9		0.9	0.6	0.3				0.9	0.6	0.9
5	0.6	0.9	0.9		0.9		0.9	0.6	0.3				0.9	0.6	0.9

Attested

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Study of different composite materials and finding its mechanical strength
- 2. Fabrication of FRP and other composites by different manufacturing methods
- 3. Stress analysis of fiber reinforced Laminates for different combinations of plies with different orientations of the fiber.
- 4. Calculation of stresses in the lamina of the laminate using different failure theories
- 5. Calculation of residual stresses in different types of laminates under thermo-mechanical load using the Classical Laminate Theory.

UNIT-I INTRODUCTION TO COMPOSITE MATERIALS

9

Definition-Matrix materials-polymers-metals-ceramics - Reinforcements: Particles, whiskers, inorganic fibers, metal filaments- ceramic fibers- fiber fabrication- natural composite wood, Jute - Advantages and drawbacks of composites over monolithic materials. Mechanical properties and applications of composites, Particulate-Reinforced composite Materials, Dispersion-Strengthened composite, Fiber-reinforced composites Rule of mixtures-Characteristics of fiber-Reinforced composites, Manufacturing fiber and composites,

UNIT-II MANUFACTURING OF COMPOSITES

9

Manufacturing of Polymer Matrix Composites (PMCs)-handlay-up, spray technique, filament winding, Pultrusion, Resin Transfer Moulding (RTM)-, bag moulding, injection moulding, Sandwich Mould Composites (SMC) - Manufacturing of Metal Matrix Composites (MMCs) - Solid state, liquid state, vapour state processing, Manufacturing of Ceramic Matrix Composites (CMCs) –hot pressing-reaction bonding process-infiltration technique, direct oxidation- interfaces

UNIT-III LAMINA CONSTITUTIVE EQUATIONS

9

Lamina Constitutive Equations: Lamina Assumptions – Macroscopic Viewpoint. Generalized Hooke's Law. Reduction to Homogeneous Orthotropic Lamina – Isotropic limit case, Orthotropic Stiffness matrix (Qij), Definition of stress and Moment Resultants. Strain Displacement relations. Basic Assumptions of Laminated anisotropic plates. Laminate Constitutive Equations – Coupling Interactions, Balanced Laminates, Symmetric Laminates, Angle Ply Laminates, Cross Ply Laminates. Laminate Structural Moduli. Evaluation of Lamina Properties from Laminate Tests. Quasi-Isotropic Laminates. Determination of Lamina stresses within Laminates.

UNIT-IV LAMINA STRENGTH ANALYSIS AND ANALYSIS OF LAMINATED 9 FLAT PLATES

Introduction - Maximum Stress and Strain Criteria. Von-Misses Yield criterion for Isotropic Materials. Generalized Hill's Criterion for Anisotropic materials. Tsai-Hill's Failure Criterion for Composites. Tensor Polynomial (Tsai-Wu) Failure criterion. Prediction of laminate Failure Equilibrium Equations of Motion. Energy Formulations. Static Bending Analysis. Buckling Analysis. Free Vibrations – Natural Frequencies

UNIT-V THERMO-STRUCURAL ANALYSIS

9

Fabrication stresses/Residual stresses in FRP laminated composites- Co-efficient of Thermal Expansion (C.T.E.) - Modification of Hooke's Law. Modification of Laminate Constitutive Equations. Orthotropic Lamina C.T.E's -Stress and Moment Resultants due cooling of the laminates during fabrication-Calculations for thermo-mechanical stresses in FRP laminates

Case studies: Implementation of CLT for evaluating residual stresses in the components made with different isotropic layers such as electronic packages etc.

TOTAL = 45 PERIODS

Attested

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course the student will be able to

- 1. Calculate for mechanical strength of the composite material
- 2. fabricate the FRP and other composites by different manufacturing methods
- 3. analyze fiber reinforced Laminates for different combinations of plies with different orientations of the fiber.
- 4. Evaluate the stresses in the lamina of the laminate using different failure theories
- 5. analyze thermo-mechanical behavior and evaluate residual stresses in different types of laminates using the Classical Laminate Theory.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Agarwal BD and Broutman LJ, "Analysis and Performance of Fiber Composites", John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1990.
- 2. Gibson R F, Principles of Composite Material Mechanics, McGraw-Hill, 1994,
- 3. CRC press, 4th Edition, 2015.
- 4. Hyer MW and Scott R White, "Stress Analysis of Fiber Reinforced Composite Materials", McGraw-Hill, 1998
- 5. Issac M Daniel and Orilshai, "Engineering Mechanics of Composite Materials", Oxford University Press-2006, First Indian Edition 2007
- 6. MadhujitMukhopadhyay, "Mechanics of Composite Materials and Structures", University Press (India) Pvt. Ltd., Hyderabad, 2004 (Reprinted 2008)
- 7. Mallick PK, Fiber Reinforced Composites: Materials, Manufacturing and Design, CRC Press, 3rd Edition,2007.

0.3- Low 0.6- Medium 0.9- High

CO						Р	0							PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.9		0.6	0.6					0.6	0.3		0.3
2	0.6	0.6		0.6		0.6	0.6	0.6				0.6	0.3		
3	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6		0.6	0.6					0.6	0.3	0.3	0.3
4	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	- 1	0.6	0.6		= 1			0.6	0.3		
5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6		0.6	0.6					0.6	0.3	0.3	

ED5077 DESIGN OF HYDRAULIC AND PNEUMATIC L T P C SYSTEMS 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To introduce the different components of hydraulic systems and its design and selection procedures.
- 2. To formulate a thorough understanding on the need and use of various control and regulating elements in hydraulic systems.
- 3. To enable them to independently design hydraulic circuits for industrial applications
- 4. To expose them to the different components of pneumatic systems and enable them to design simple pneumatic systems.
- 5. To make them understand the need to integrate electronics and develop low cost systems and provide solution to simple industrial applications

UNIT – I OIL HYDRAULIC SYSTEMS AND HYDRAULIC ACTUATORS

Hydraulic Power Generators – Selection and specification of pumps, pump characteristics. Linear and Rotary Actuators – selection, specification and characteristics, Hydrostatic drives, types, selection

UNIT – II CONTROL AND REGULATION ELEMENTS

9

Pressure - direction and flow control valves - relief valves, non-return and safety valves - actuation systems, Proportional Electro hydraulic servo valves

UNIT - III HYDRAULIC CIRCUITS

9

Reciprocation, quick return, sequencing, synchronizing circuits - accumulator circuits - industrial circuits - press circuits - hydraulic milling machine - grinding, planning, copying, - forklift, earth mover circuits design methodology- design and selection of components - safety and emergency mandrels - Cascade method

UNIT - IV PNEUMATIC SYSTEMS AND CIRCUITS

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Pneumatic fundamentals - control elements, position and pressure sensing, Pneumatic equipments- selection of components - design calculations - logic circuits - switching circuits - fringe conditions modules and these integration - sequential circuits - cascade methods - mapping methods - step counter method - compound circuit design - combination circuit design-Karnaugh - Veitch map

UNIT – V ELECTROMAGNETIC & ELECTRONIC CONTROL OF HYDRAULICS & 9 PNEUMATIC CIRCUIT

Electrical control of pneumatic circuits – use of relays, counters, timers, ladder diagrams, use of microprocessor in circuit design – use of PLC in hydraulic and pneumatic circuits – Fault finding – application -fault finding - hydro pneumatic circuits - use of microprocessors for sequencing - PLC, Low cost automation - Robotic circuits.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Design and select appropriate pumps in industries based on need.
- 2. Select correct sizing and rating of control elements in hydraulics.
- 3. Design basic circuits (hydraulic) for industrial applications.
- 4. Design basic pneumatic circuits for industrial applications.
- 5. Identify and provide solution for troubleshooting and design low cost automation for industrial application.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Anthony Esposito, "Fluid Power with Applications", Prentice Hall, 2009.
- 2. Jagadeesha T, "Pneumatics Concepts, Design and Applications ", Universities Press, 2015
- 3. James A. Sullivan, "Fluid Power Theory and Applications", Fourth Edition, Prentice Hall, 1997
- 4. Majumdar, S.R., "Oil Hydraulics Systems Principles and Maintenance", Tata McGraw Hill, 2001
- 5. Shanmuga Sundaram.K, "Hydraulic and Pneumatic Controls". Chand & Co, 2006

0.3- Low

0.6- Medium

0.9- High

CO						Р	0							PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9			0.6		0.6		0.6	0.9	0.6	0.9
2	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.9	0.9			0.6		0.6		0.6	0.9	0.6	0.9
3	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.9			0.6		0.6		0.6	0.9	0.6	0.6
4	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9			0.6		0.6		0.6	0.9	0.6	0.6
5	0.9	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.9			0.6		0.6		0.6	0.9	0.6	0.6

Attested

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To study the basics of surface features and different types of friction in metals and nonmetals.
- 2. To analyze the different types of wear mechanism and international standard used in friction and wear measurement
- 3. To study the different types of corrosion and its preventive measures.
- 4. To study the different types of surface treatments and surface modification techniques.
- 5. To analyze the different types of materials used in the friction and wear applications

UNIT-I FRICTION

7

Topography of Surfaces – Surface features – Properties and measurement – Surface interaction –Adhesive Theory of Sliding Friction – Rolling Friction – Friction properties of metallic and nonmetallic materials – Friction in extreme conditions – Thermal considerations in sliding contact

UNIT-II WEAR

6

Introduction – Abrasive wear, Erosive, Cavitation, Adhesion, Fatigue wear and Fretting Wear Laws of wear – Theoretical wear models – Wear of metals and non metals – International standards in friction and wear measurement

UNIT-III CORROSION

10

Introduction – Principle of corrosion – Classification of corrosion – Types of corrosion – Factors influencing corrosion – Testing of corrosion – In-service monitoring, Simulated service, Laboratory testing – Evaluation of corrosion – Prevention of Corrosion – Material selection, Alteration of environment, Design, Cathodic and Anodic Protection, Corrosion inhibitors

UNIT-IV SURFACE TREATMENTS

12

Introduction – Surface properties, Superficial layer – Changing surface metallurgy – Wear resistant coatings and Surface treatments – Techniques – PVD – CVD – Physical CVD – Ion implantation – Surface welding – Thermal spraying – Laser surface hardening and alloying, laser re-melting, and laser cladding. Applications of coatings and surface treatments in wear and friction control – Characteristics of Wear resistant coatings – New trends in coating technology – DLC – CNC – Thick coatings – Nano-engineered coatings – Other coatings, Corrosion resistant coating

UNIT-V ENGINEERING MATERIALS

10

Introduction – Advanced alloys – Super alloys, Titanium alloys, Magnesium alloys, Aluminium alloys, and Nickel based alloys – Ceramics – Polymers – Biomaterials – Applications – Bio Tribology Nano Tribology

TOTAL =45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course the student will be able to

- 1. Understand the basics of surface features, laws of friction, and different types of friction
- 2. Develop the knowledge of various wear mechanism and its measurement
- 3. Understand the types of corrosion and its preventive measures
- 4. Familiarize the types of surface properties and various surface modification techniques
- 5. Ability to understand the different types of materials used in the friction and wear applications

Attested

REFERENCES:

- 1. G.W.Stachowiak& A.W .Batchelor , "Engineering Tribology", Butterworth-Heinemann, UK.2005
- 2. Rabinowicz.E, "Friction and Wear of materials", John Willey &Sons, UK, 1995
- 3. Halling, J. (Editor) "Principles of Tribology", Macmillian 1984
- 4. Williams J.A. "Engineering Tribology", Oxford Univ. Press, 1994
- 5. S.K.Basu, S.N.Sengupta&B.B.Ahuja ,"Fundamentals of Tribology", Prentice –Hall of India Pvt. Ltd , New Delhi, 2005
- 6. Fontana G., "Corrosion Engineering", McGraw Hill, 1985

0.3- Low

0.6- Medium

0.9- High

CO						Р	0							PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.6	0.6	0.3		0.6	0.6						0.3	0.3	0.6	0.9
2	0.6	0.6	0.3		0.6	0.6						0.3	0.3	0.6	0.9
3	0.6	0.3	0.3		0.6	0.6	0.3	0.6				0.3	0.3	0.6	0.9
4	0.3	0.6			0.6	0.6	0.3	3 3 3	7			0.3	0.3	0.6	0.9
5	0.3	0.6				0.6	0.3		15	4		0.6	0.3	0.6	0.9

ED5072

ADVANCED MACHINE TOOL DESIGN

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for:

- 1. Selecting the different machine tool mechanisms.
- 2. Designing the Multi speed Gear Box and feed drives.
- 3. Designing the machine tool structures.
- 4. Designing the guideways and power screws.
- 5. Designing the spindles and bearings.

UNIT-I INTRODUCTION TO MACHINE TOOL DESIGN

9

Introduction to Machine Tool Drives and Mechanisms, Auxiliary Motions in Machine Tools, Kinematics of Machine Tools, Motion Transmission

UNIT-II REGULATION OF SPEEDS AND FEEDS

ç

Aim of Speed and Feed Regulation, Stepped Regulation of Speeds, Multiple Speed Motors, Ray Diagrams and Design Considerations, Design of Speed Gear Boxes, Feed Drives, Feed Box Design

UNIT-III DESIGN OF MACHINE TOOL STRUCTURES

(

Functions of Machine Tool Structures and their Requirements, Design for Strength, Design for Rigidity, Materials for Machine Tool Structures, Machine Tool Constructional Features, Beds and Housings, Columns and Tables, Saddles and Carriage

UNIT-IV DESIGN OF GUIDEWAYS AND POWER SCREWS

9

Functions and Types of Guideways, Design of Guideways, Design of Aerostatic Slide ways, Design of Anti-Friction Guideways, Combination Guideways, Design of Power Screws

UNIT-V DESIGN OF SPINDLES AND SPINDLE SUPPORT

Functions of Spindles and Requirements, Effect of Machine Tool Compliance on Machining Accuracy, Design of Spindles, Antifriction Bearings. Dynamics of Machine Tools: Machine Tool Elastic System, Static and Dynamic Stiffness

TOTAL = 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course the student will be able to

- 1. Select the different machine tool mechanisms.
- 2. Design the Multi speed Gear Box and feed drives.
- 3. Design the machine tool structures.
- 4. Design the guideways and power screws.
- 5. Design the spindles and bearings.

REFERENCES:

- 1. N.K. Mehta, Machine Tool Design and Numerical Control, TMH, New Delhi, 2010
- 2. G.C. Sen and A. Bhattacharya, Principles of Machine Tools, New Central Book Agency, 2009
- 3. D. K Pal, S. K. Basu, "Design of Machine Tools", 5th Edition. Oxford IBH, 2008
- 4. N. S. Acherkhan, "Machine Tool Design", Vol. I, II, III and IV, MIR publications, 1968
- 5. F. Koenigsberger, Design Principles of Metal-Cutting Machine Tools, Pergamon Press, 1964
- 6. F. Koenigsberger, Machine Tool Structures, Pergamon Press, 1970

0.3- Low 0.6- Medium

0.9- High

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.6	77.	0.3	0.6	0.3			1		0.3	0.6	0.6
2	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.6		0.3	0.6	0.3					0.3	0.6	0.6
3	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.6		0.3	0.6	0.3					0.3	0.6	0.6
4	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.6		0.3	0.6	0.3					0.3	0.6	0.6
5	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.6		0.3	0.6	0.3					0.3	0.6	0.6

PD5351

PRODUCT LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- 1. To study about the history, concepts and terminology in PLM
- 2. To understand the functions and features of PLM/PDM
- 3. To understand different modules offered in commercial PLM/PDM tools
- 4. To demonstrate PLM/PDM approaches for industrial applications
- 5. To Use PLM/PDM with legacy data bases, CAx& ERP systems

UNIT-I HISTORY, CONCEPTS AND TERMINOLOGY OF PLM

9

Introduction to PLM, Need for PLM, opportunities of PLM, Different views of PLM - Engineering Data Management (EDM), Product Data Management (PDM), Collaborative Product Definition Management (cPDm), Collaborative Product Commerce (CPC), Product Lifecycle Management (PLM). PLM/PDM Infrastructure — Network and Communications, Data Management, Heterogeneous data sources and applications

UNIT-II PLM/PDM FUNCTIONS AND FEATURES

9

User Functions – Data Vault and Document Management, Workflow and Process Management, Product Structure Management, Product Classification and Programme Management. Utility Functions – Communication and Notification, data transport, data translation, image services, system administration and application integration

UNIT-III DETAILS OF MODULES IN A PDM/PLM SOFTWARE

9

Case studies based on top few commercial PLM/PDM tools – Teamcenter, Windchill, ENOVIA, Aras PLM, SAP PLM, Arena, Oracle Agile PLM and Autodesk Vault.

UNIT-IV ROLE OF PLM IN INDUSTRIES

9

Case studies on PLM selection and implementation (like auto, aero, electronic) - other possible sectors, PLM visioning, PLM strategy, PLM feasibility study, change management for PLM, financial justification of PLM, barriers to PLM implementation, ten step approach to PLM, benefits of PLM for–business, organisation, users, product or service, process performance

UNIT-V BASICS ON CUSTOMISATION/INTEGRATION OF PDM/PLM SOFTWARE

9

PLM Customization, use of EAI technology (Middleware), Integration with legacy data base, CAD, SLM and ERP

Total =45 Periods

OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course the student will be able to

- 1. Summarize the history, concepts and terminology of PLM
- 2. Use the functions and features of PLM/PDM
- 3. Use different modules offered in commercial PLM/PDM tools.
- 4. Implement PLM/PDM approaches for industrial applications.
- 5. Integrate PLM/PDM with legacy data bases, CAx& ERP systems

REFERENCES:

- 1. AnttiSaaksvuori and Anselmilmmonen, "Product Lifecycle Management", Springer Publisher, 2008 (3rd Edition)
- 2. IvicaCrnkovic, Ulf Asklund and AnnitaPerssonDahlqvist, "Implementing and Integrating Product Data Management and Software Configuration Management", Artech House Publishers, 2003.
- 3. John Stark, "Global Product: Strategy, Product Lifecycle Management and the Billion Customer Question", Springer Publisher, 2007
- 4. John Stark, "Product Lifecycle Management: 21st Century Paradigm for Product Realisation", Springer Publisher, 2011 (2nd Edition).
- 5. Michael Grieves, "Product Life Cycle Management", Tata McGraw Hill, 2006.

0.3- Low

0.6- Medium

0.9- High

СО			PSO												
CO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.3	0.6	0.6	0.3								0.3	0.6	0.3	
2	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.3								0.3	0.6	0.3	
3	0.6	0.3	0.6	0.3								0.3	0.6	0.3	0.3
4	0.3	0.3	0.9	0.3								0.3	0.6	0.3	
5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3								0.3	0.6	0.3	0.3

Attested

L C Т 3 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basic concepts of unconstrained optimization techniques.
- To understand the basic concepts of constrained optimization techniques. 2.
- To provide the mathematical foundation of artificial neural networks and swarm intelligence for design problems.
- 4. To implement optimization approaches and to select appropriate solution for design application.
- 5. To demonstrate selected optimization algorithms commonly used in static and dynamic applications.

UNIT – I **UNCONSTRAINED OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES**

Introduction to optimum design - General principles of optimization - Problem formulation & their classifications - Single variable and multivariable optimization, Techniques of unconstrained minimization - Golden section, Random, pattern and gradient search methods - Interpolation methods.

UNIT - II **CONSTRAINED OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES**

9

Optimization with equality and inequality constraints - Direct methods - Indirect methods using penalty functions, Lagrange multipliers - Geometric programming.

ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETWORKS AND SWARM INTELLIGENCE UNIT - III

Introduction - Activation functions, types of activation functions, neural network architectures. Single layer feed forward network, multilayer feed forward network, Neural netwok applications. Swarm intelligence - Various animal behaviors, Ant Colony optimization, Particle Swarm optimization.

UNIT - IV ADVANCED OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES

Multi stage optimization - dynamic programming; stochastic programming; Multi objective optimization, Genetic algorithms and Simulated Annealing technique.

UNIT - V STATIC AND DYNAMIC APPLICATIONS

9

Structural applications - Design of simple truss members - Design of simple axial, transverse loaded members for minimum cost, weight - Design of shafts and torsionally loaded members -Design of springs.

Dynamic Applications - Optimum design of single, two degree of freedom systems, vibration absorbers. Application in Mechanisms - Optimum design of simple linkage mechanisms.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Formulate unconstrained optimization techniques in engineering design application.
- 2. Formulate constrained optimization techniques for various application.
- 3. Implement neural network technique to real world design problems.
- 4. Apply genetic algorithms to combinatorial optimization problems.
- 5. Evaluate solutions by various optimization approaches for a design problem.

DIRECTOR Centre for Academic Courses

Anna University, Chennai-600 025

REFERENCES:

- 1. Goldberg, David .E, "Genetic Algorithms in Search, Optimization and Machine Learning", Pearson, 2009.
- 2. Jang, J.S.R, Sun, C.T and Mizutani E., "Neuro-Fuzzy and Soft Computing", Pearson Education.2015,
- 3. Johnson Ray, C., "Optimum design of mechanical elements", Wiley, 2nd Edition 1980.
- 4. Kalyanmoy Deb, "Optimization for Engineering Design: Algorithms and Examples", PHI Learning Private Limited, 2nd Edition, 2012.
- 5. Rao Singiresu S., "Engineering Optimization Theory and Practice", New Age International Limited, New Delhi, 3rd Edition, 2013.
- 6. Rajasekaran S and VijayalakshmiPai, G.A, "Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic and Genetic Algorithms", PHI, 2011

0.3- Low	0.6- Medium	0.9- High
----------	-------------	-----------

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.6								0.9	0.6	0.9
2	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.6								0.9	0.6	0.9
3	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.6								0.9	0.6	0.9
4	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.6				10				0.9	0.6	0.9
5	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.6		~ :		- 5	A1.			0.9	0.6	0.9

ED5082

QUALITY CONCEPTS IN DESIGN

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To impart knowledge on various concepts in engineering design, material selection and manufacturing methods.
- 2. To learn the principles of implementing quality in a product or services using different tools
- 3. To enhance the quality of product by use of failure mode effect analysis and implement methods to uphold the status of six sigma
- 4. To develop a robust product or service using various strategies of design of experiments
- 5. To maintain the quality of the product by use of statistical tools and enforce methods to improve the reliability of a product

UNIT – I DESIGN FUNDAMENTALS, METHODS AND MATERIAL 9 SELECTION

Morphology of Design – The Design Process – Computer Aided Engineering – Concurrent Engineering – Competition Bench Marking – Creativity – Theory of Problem solving (TRIZ) – Value Analysis - Design for Manufacture, Design for Assembly – Design for casting, Forging, Metal Forming, Machining and Welding.

UNIT – II DESIGN FOR QUALITY

9

Quality Function Deployment -House of Quality-Objectives and functions-Targets-Stakeholders-Measures and Matrices-Design of Experiments –design process-Identification of control factors, noise factors, and performance metrics - developing the experimental plan- experimental design – testing noise factors- Running the experiments –Conducting the analysis-Selecting and conforming factor-Set points-reflecting and repeating.

UNIT – III FAILURE MODE EFFECTS ANALYSIS AND DESIGN FOR SIX 9 SIGMA

Basic methods: Refining geometry and layout, general process of product embodiment - Embodiment checklist- Advanced methods: systems modeling, mechanical embodiment principles-FMEA method- linking fault states to systems modeling - Basis of SIX SIGMA -

Project selection for SIX SIGMA- SIX SIGMA problem solving- SIX SIGMA in service and small organizations - SIX SIGMA and lean production –Lean SIX SIGMA and services.

UNIT – IV DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS

9

Importance of Experiments, Experimental Strategies, Basic principles of Design, Terminology, ANOVA, Steps in Experimentation, Sample size, Single Factor experiments – Completely Randomized design, Randomized Block design, Statistical Analysis, Multifactor experiments – Two and three factor full Factorial experiments, 2K factorial Experiments, Confounding and Blocking designs, Fractional factorial design, Taguchi's approach - Steps in experimentation, Design using Orthogonal Arrays, Data Analysis, Robust Design- Control and Noise factors, S/N ratios

UNIT – V STATISTICAL CONSIDERATION AND RELIABILITY

9

Frequency distributions and Histograms- Run charts –stem and leaf plots- Pareto diagrams-Cause and Effect diagrams-Box plots- Probability distribution-Statistical Process control—Scatter diagrams –Multivariable charts –Matrix plots and 3-D plots.-Reliability-Survival and Failure-Series and parallel systems-Mean time between failure-Weibull distribution.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. apply fundamentals of design process and material selection for developing a quality product
- 2. apply the quality concepts to develop a robust product
- perform Failure Mode Effect Analysis on a product and use six sigma principles to enhance its quality
- 4. apply different experimental design methods in product development
- 5. implement various statistical tools to improve its quality and reliability

REFERENCES:

- 1. Amitava Mitra, "Fundamentals of Quality control and improvement", John Wiley & Sons, 2016
- 2. George E. Dieter, Linda C. Schmidt, "Engineering Design", McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., 2013
- 3. Karl T. Ulrich, Steven D. Eppinger, "Product Design And Development, ,Tata Mcgraw-Hill Education, 2015
- 4. Kevin N. Otto and Kristin L. Wood, "Product Design: Techniques in Reverse Engineering and New Product Development", Prentice Hall, 2001
- 5. Montgomery, D.C., "Design and Analysis of experiments", John Wiley and Sons, 2017.
- 6. Phillip J. Ross, "Taguchi techniques for quality engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, 2005.

0.3- Low

0.6- Medium

0.9- High

CO	PO											PSO			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.6			0.3				0.3	0.3	0.6	0.3
2	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.6			0.3				0.3	0.3	0.6	0.3
3	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9			0.3				0.3		0.6	0.3
4	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.9			0.3				0.3		0.6	0.3
5	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.9			0.3				0.3		0.3	0.3

Attested

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

ED5080

- 1. The student will understand the principle of force and strain measurement.
- 2. The student will understand the vibration measurement and their applications.
- 3. To impart knowledge on the principle behind acoustics and wind flow measurements.
- 4. To familiarize with the distress measurements
- 5. To realize the nondestructive testing principle and application

UNIT – I FORCES AND STRAIN MEASUREMENT

9

Strain gauge, principle, types, performance and uses. Photo elasticity – Principle and applications - Moire Fringe - Hydraulic jacks and pressure gauges – Electronic load cells – Proving Rings – Calibration of Testing Machines.

UNIT – II VIBRATION MEASUREMENTS

9

Characteristics of Structural Vibrations – Linear Variable Differential Transformer (LVDT) – Transducers for velocity and acceleration measurements. Vibration meter – Seismographs – Vibration Analyzer – Display and recording of signals – Cathode Ray Oscilloscope – XY Plotter – Chart Plotters – Digital data Acquisition systems.

UNIT - III ACOUSTICS AND WIND FLOW MEASUREMENTS

9

Principles of Pressure and flow measurements – pressure transducers – sound level meter – venturimeter and flow meters – wind tunnel and its use in structural analysis – structural modeling – direct and indirect model analysis

UNIT – IV DISTRESS MEASUREMENTS

9

Diagnosis of distress in structures – crack observation and measurements – corrosion of reinforcement in concrete – Half-cell, construction and use – damage assessment – controlled blasting for demolition.

UNIT – V NON DESTRUCTIVE TESTING METHODS

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Load testing on structures, buildings, bridges and towers – Rebound Hammer – acoustic emission – ultrasonic testing principles and application – Holography – use of laser for structural testing – Brittle coating

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Measure physical quantities such as forces and strains.
- 2. Apply different vibration measurements techniques.
- 3. Measure physical quantities such as pressure and flow.
- 4. Apply techniques involved in crack measurement.
- 5. Select the appropriate nondestructive testing methods for various engineering applications.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Bray Don E and Stanley, R. K., "Non-destructive Evaluation", McGraw Hill Publishing Company, N.Y.1989
- 2. Garas, F.K., Clarke, J.L and Armer GST, "Structural assessment", Butterworths, London, 1987
- 3. James W. Dally and William Franklin Riley, "Experimental Stress Analysis", McGraw Hill, 3rd Edition, 1991
- 4. Sadhu Singh, Experimental Stress Analysis, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2009.
- 5. Srinath LS, Raghavan Mr, Lingaiah K, Gargesha G, Pant B and Ramachandra, K," Experimental Stress Analysis", Tata McGraw Hill Company, New Delhi, 1984
- 6. Sirohi, R.S.and Radha krishna, H.C, "Mechanical Measurements", New Age International (P) Ltd, 3rd Edition 1997

CO						Р	0							PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.3			0.6								0.3	0.3	0.6	0.3
2	0.3			0.6								0.3	0.3	0.6	0.3
3	0.3			0.6								0.3	0.3	0.6	0.3
4	0.3			0.6								0.3	0.3	0.6	0.3
5	0.3			0.6								0.3	0.3	0.6	0.3

ED5084

VEHICLE DYNAMICS

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare students for:

- 1. Apply and develop mathematical model of a system
- 2. Applying vehicular vibrations and response of vehicle
- 3. Applying a tire model based on required performance.
- Applying the various vehicle performance, control methodologies to ensure stability and ride comfort
- 5. Applying the principles vertical, longitudinal and lateral dynamics vehicle design

UNIT-I BASIS OF VIBRATION

9

Definitions, Modeling and Simulation, Global and Vehicle Coordinate System, Free, Forced, Undamped and Damped Vibration, Response Analysis of Single DOF, Two DOF, Multi DOF, Magnification factor, Transmissibility, Vibration absorber, Vibration measuring instruments, Torsional vibration, Critical speed

UNIT-II TYRES

9

Tyre forces and moments, Tyre structure, Longitudinal and Lateral force at various slip angles,rolling resistance, Tractive and cornering property of tyre. Performance of tyre on wet surface.Ride property of tyres. Magic formulae tyre model, Estimation of tyre road friction. Test on Various road surfaces. Tyre vibration

UNIT-III VERTICAL DYNAMICS

9

Human response to vibration, Sources of Vibration. Design, analysis and computer simulation of Passive, Semi-active and Active suspension using Quarter car, half car and full car model. Influence of suspension stiffness, suspension damping, and tyre stiffness. Control law for LQR, HInfinite, Skyhook damping. Air suspension system and their properties

UNIT-IV LONGITUDINAL DYNAMICS AND CONTROL

9

Aerodynamic forces and moments. Equation of motion. Tyre forces, rolling resistance, Load distribution for three wheeler and four wheeler. Calculation of Maximum acceleration, Reaction forces for Different drives. Braking and Driving torque. Prediction of Vehicle performance. ABS, stability control, Traction control. Case Studies

UNIT-V LATERAL DYNAMICS

9

Steady state handling characteristics. Steady state response to steering input. Testing of handling characteristics. Transient response characteristics, Direction control of vehicles. Roll center, Rollaxis, Vehicle under side forces. Stability of vehicle on banked road and during turn. Effect of suspension on cornering

TOTAL =45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course the student will be able to

- Formulate and develop mathematical model of a system
- Apply vehicular vibrations and response of vehicle
- Create a tire model based on required performance
- Predict vehicle performance, control methodologies to ensure stability and ride comfort
- Apply vertical, longitudinal and lateral dynamics vehicle design

REFERENCES:

- 1. Singiresu S. Rao, Mechanical Vibrations (5th Edition), Prentice Hall, 2010
- 2. J. Y. Wong, Theory of Ground Vehicles, 3rd Edition, Wiley-Interscience, 2001
- 3. Rajesh Rajamani, Vehicle Dynamics and Control, 1st edition, Springer, 2005
- 4. Thomas D. Gillespie, Fundamentals of Vehicle Dynamics, Society of Automotive EngineersInc. 1992
- 5. G. NakhaieJazar, Vehicle Dynamics: Theory and Application, 1st edition, Springer, 2008 0.3- Low 0.6- Medium 0.9- High

СО						P	0			<i></i>	1			PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.9	0.9	0.6			0.3			10				0.6	0.9	0.6
2	0.9	0.6	0.6		0.6			0.3		W.			0.6	0.9	0.6
3	0.9	0.6	0.6		0.6	Υ.,		0.3		77.	. "		0.6	0.6	0.6
4	0.9	0.9	0.6		0.6			0.3					0.6	0.9	0.6
5	0.6	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.6			0.3			-	1	0.6	0.9	0.6

ED5078

ENGINEERING FRACTURE MECHANICS

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Formulation of governing equations for elastic problems
- 2. Stresses calculations/displacements around the crack tip for different modes of fracture
- 3. Estimation of K1c/SIF/critical flaws/failure stresses for different crack geometries
- 4. Life assessment of the cracked components under different types of repeated/variable fatigue loads and design for its life extension.
- 5. Analysis of failed engineering components under different modes of fracture.

UNIT-I ELEMENTS OF SOLID MECHANICS

9

Introduction to Failure and Fracture- Spectacular Failures-Basics Principles-Governing equations for the deformable body-Stress-Strain relations and general equations of elasticity in Cartesian and Polar Coordinates-vectors and tensors-differential equations of equilibrium-compatibility-boundary conditions-representation of three-dimensional stress system -generalized hook's law – plane stress and stain problems - Airy's stress function. Methods of formulation of Governing Differential equations for plane elasticity-Naviers Equation-Biharmonic equation in Cartesian and polar coordinates.

UNIT-II STRESS AND DISPLACEMENT AROUND THE CRACK TIP FOR DIFFERENT MODES OF FRACTURE

9

Brittle and Ductile Fracture-Modes of Fracture-Weakness of the components due to Flaws-Need for Linear Elastic Fracture Mechanics (LEFM) – Evaluation of Structural Design-Stress and displacement around the crack tip in K-annulus for Mode-I and Mode-II plane crack problems – Stress and displacement around the crack tip in K-annulus for Mode III crack problems

UNIT-III STATIONARY CRACK UNDER STATIC LOADING

9

Griffith analysis- Irwin's approximation-CTOD and stress ahead of the crack tip- Westergaard solutions: Analytical Calculations for SIF for different crack geometries-Critical crack length and fracture stress calculations.

Two dimensional elastic fields – Analytical solutions for small scale yielding near a crack front — plastic zone size –Specimen size calculations: K1c Testing for Fracture toughness of the Material.

UNIT-IV FATIGUE FAILURE AND ENVIRONMENTAL-ASSISTED 9 FRACTURE

Introduction to fatigue failure-S-N Curve-Crack Initiation-Crack propagation- Effect of an Overload-Variable amplitude Fatigue load-Crack closure- Characteristics of fatigue crack-Paris Law- Fatigue Crack Growth Test to evaluate Paris constants- life calculations for a given load amplitude –effects of changing the load spectrum

Environmental-assisted Fracture-Micro mechanisms-factors influencing Environmental-assisted fracture-Environment-assisted Fatigue Failure affecting fatigue performance, fatigue loading, constant and variable amplitude loading.

UNIT-V APPLICATIONS OF FRACTURE MECHANICS

9

J-integral, Mixed-mode fracture, Crack arrest methodologies- Case studies: Analysis on failed components and design for the extension of its life

TOTAL (L: 45)=45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course the student will be able to

- 1. Formulate governing equation for elastic problems
- 2. Calculate stresses/displacements around the crack tip for different modes of fracture
- 3. Estimate K1c/SIF/critical flaws/failure stresses for different crack geometries
- 4. Assess the life of the cracked components under different types of repeated/variable fatigue loads and design for its life extension.
- 5. Analyze failed engineering components under different modes of fracture.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Broek, David, "Elementary Engineering Fracture Mechanics ", Springer Netherlands, 1982.
- 2. John M.Barson and Stanely T.Rolfe, "Fatigue and fracture control in structures", Butterworth-Heinemann; 3rd edition. 1999
- 3. Kare Hellan, "Introduction of Fracture Mechanics", McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1985
- 4. Prashant Kumar, "Elements of Fracture Mechanics", Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, 2009.
- 5. Ted L. Anderson, "Fracture Mechanics: Fundamentals and Applications", CRC Taylor and Francis, 4th Edition, 2017
- 6. Tribikram Kundu, "Fundamentals of Fracture Mechanics", Ane Books Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi/ CRC Press, 1st Indian Reprint, 2012

0.3- Low 0.6- Medium 0.9- High

CO						Р	0							PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.6	0.6								0.3	0.3	
2	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6								0.3	0.3	0.3
3	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6								0.6	0.3	0.3
4	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.6								0.3	0.3	0.3
5	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.6								0.3		0.6

Attested

OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare students for:

- Apply and develop mathematical model of a system
- Applying the design and suggest bearings for specific applications
- Applying a fatigue life calculations for various types of bearings
- Apply and analyze bearing behaviour
- Study the dynamics of rotors mounted on Hydrodynamic Bearings

UNIT-I CLASSIFICATION AND SELECTION OF BEARINGS

6

Selection criteria-Dry and Boundary Lubrication Bearings-Hydrodynamic and Hydrostatic bearings-Electro Magnetic bearings-Dry bearings-Rolling Element bearings- Bearings for Precision. Applications-Foil Bearings-Special bearings- Selection of plain Bearing materials – Metallic and Non metallic bearings-Materials for rolling bearings

UNIT-II DESIGN OF FLUID FILM BEARINGS

10

Design and performance analysis of Thrust and Journal bearings – Full, partial, fixed and pivoted journal bearings design procedure-Minimum film thickness – lubricant flow and delivery – power loss, Heat and temperature distribution calculations- Design based on Charts & Tables Design of Hydrostatic, Thrust and Journal bearings- Stiffness consideration - flow regulators and pump design in hydrostatic bearings- Foil bearings-Air Bearings

UNIT-III ROLLING CONTACTS SELECTION OF ROLLING BEARINGS

10

Contact Stresses in Rolling bearings- Centrifugal stresses-Elasto hydrodynamic lubrication-Fatique life calculations- Bearing operating temperature- Lubrication- Selection of lubricants-Internal clearance — Shaft and housing fit- -Mounting arrangements. Manufacturing methods-Ceramic bearings-Rolling bearing cages-bearing seals selection

UNIT-IV ROTOR DYNAMICS

ç

Motion of the shaft in the bearing- Rotor supported on rigid and flexible supports-Campbell diagram, Rotor Dynamic Analyses- Undamped critical speed - Unbalance response- Damped eigenvalue analysis- Bearing stiffness and damping coefficients- Mechanics of Hydro dynamic Instability- Half frequency whirl and Resonance whip- bearing instability and Oil Whirl Technologies to Improve the Stability of Rotor-bearing Systems--Design configurations of stable journal bearings

UNIT-V DYNAMICS OF ROTORSMOUNTED ON HYDRODYNAMIC BEARINGS

10

Hydrodynamic Lubrication equation for dynamic loadings-Squeeze film effects in journal bearings and thrust bearings -Rotating loads , alternating and impulse loads in journal bearings – Journal centre Trajectory- Analysis of short bearings under dynamic conditions- Finite difference solution for dynamic conditions

TOTAL =45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course the student will be able to

- understand application of various types of bearings and their operating principles
- design and suggest bearings for specific applications
- perform fatigue life calculations for various types of bearings,
- understand and analyze bearing behavior
- study the dynamics of rotors mounted on Hydrodynamic Bearings

Attested

REFERENCES:

- 1. Neale, M.J. "Tribology Hand Book", Butterworth Heinemann, United Kingdom 2001
- 2. Cameron, A. "Basic Lubrication Theory", Ellis Herward Ltd., UK, 1981
- 3. Halling, J. (Editor) "Principles of Tribology", Macmillian 1984
- 4. Williams J.A. "Engineering Tribology", Oxford Univ. Press, 1994
- 5. S.K.Basu, S.N.Sengupta&B.B.Ahuja ,"Fundamentals of Tribology", Prentice –Hall of India Pvt Ltd , New Delhi, 2005
- 6 G.W.Stachowiak& A.W .Batchelor , Engineering Tribology, Butterworth-Heinemann, UK, 2005

0.3- Low	0.6- Medium	0.9- High

CO						Р	0							PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.9	0.9	0.6			0.3							0.6	0.6	0.9
2	0.9	0.6	0.6		0.6			0.3					0.6	0.6	0.9
3	0.9	0.6	0.6		0.6			0.3					0.6	0.6	0.9
4	0.9	0.9	0.6		0.6			0.3					0.6	0.6	0.9
5	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.9	0.6			0.3					0.6	0.6	0.9

CI5151

SOLID FREEFORM MANUFACTURING

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To acquaint the students with evolution of Solid Freeform Manufacturing (SFM) / Additive Manufacturing (AM), proliferation into various fields and its effects on supply chain.
- To gain knowledge on Design for Additive Manufacturing (DFAM) and its importance in quality improvement of fabricated parts.
- To acquaint with polymerization and sheet lamination processes and their applications.
- To acquaint with material extrusion and powder bed fusion processes.
- To gain knowledge on jetting and direct energy deposition processes and their applications.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

(

Need - Development of SFM systems - Hierarchical structure of SFM - SFM process chain - Classification - Applications. Case studies: Bio printing- Food Printing- Electronics printing - Rapid Tooling - Building printing. AM Supply chain. Economics aspect: Strategic aspect- Operative aspect.

UNIT II DESIGN FOR ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING

(

Concepts and Objectives - AM Unique Capabilities - Part Consolidation - Topology Optimization - Lightweight Structures - DFAM for Part Quality Improvement - CAD Modeling - Model Reconstruction - Data Processing for AM - Data Formats - Data Interfacing - Part Orientation - Support Structure Design and Support Structure Generation - Model Slicing - Tool Path Generation. Design Requirements of Additive Manufacturing: For Part Production, For Mass Production, For Series Production. Case Studies.

UNIT III VAT POLYMERIZATION AND SHEET LAMINATION PROCESSES

Stereolithography Apparatus (SLA): Principles – Photo Polymerization of SL Resins - Pre Build Process – Part-Building and Post-Build Processes - Part Quality and Process Planning, Recoating Issues - Materials - Advantages - Limitations and Applications. Digital Light Processing (DLP) - Materials - Process - Advantages and Applications.

Laminated Object Manufacturing (LOM): Working Principles - Process - Materials, Advantages, Limitations and Applications. Ultrasonic Additive Manufacturing (UAM) - Process - Parameters - Applications. Case Studies.

UNIT IV MATERIAL EXTRUSION AND POWDER BED FUSION PROCESSES

Fused deposition Modeling (FDM): Working Principles - Process - Materials and Applications. Design Rules for FDM.

Selective Laser Sintering (SLS): Principles - Process - Indirect and Direct SLS - Powder Structure - Materials - Surface Deviation and Accuracy - Applications. Multijet Fusion.

Selective Laser Melting (SLM) and Electron Beam Melting (EBM): Principles – Processes – Materials – Advantages - Limitations and Applications. Case Studies.

UNIT V JETTING AND DIRECT ENERGY DEPOSITION PROCESSES

Binder Jetting: Three dimensional Printing (3DP): Principles – Process - Physics of 3DP - Types of printing: Continuous mode – Drop on Demand mode - Process – Materials - Advantages - Limitations - Applications.

Material Jetting: Multi Jet Modelling (MJM) - Principles - Process - Materials - Advantages and Limitations.

Laser Engineered Net Shaping (LENS): Processes- Materials- Advantages - Limitations and Applications. Case Studies.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students shall be able to:

- CO1: Recognize the importance in the evolution of SFM/AM, proliferation into the various fields and its effects on supply chain.
- CO2: Evaluate the design for AM and its importance in the quality of fabricated parts.
- CO3: Acquire knowledge on principles and applications of polymerization and sheet lamination processes with case studies.
- CO4: Acquire knowledge on principles of material extrusion and powder bed fusion processes and design guidelines.
- CO5: Perceive jetting and direct energy deposition processes and their applications.

			F	o.				PS	80	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4
CO1	0.6	0.9	0.3	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
CO2	0.9	0.6	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.6
CO3	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.3	0.6	0.9	0.9	0.9
CO4	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.3	0.6	0.9	0.9	0.9
CO5	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.3	0.6	0.9	0.9	0.9

REFERENCES:

- 1. Andreas Gebhardt and Jan-Steffen Hotter, "Additive Manufacturing:3D Printing for Prototyping and Manufacturing", Hanser publications Munchen, Germany, 2015. ISBN: 978-1-56990-582-1.
- 2. Ben Redwood, Brian Garret, Filemon Schöffer, and Tony Fadel, "The 3D Printing Handbook: Technologies, Design and Applications", 3D Hubs B.V., Netherland, 2017. ISBN-13: 978-9082748505.
- 3. Ian Gibson, David W. Rosen and Brent Stucker, "Additive Manufacturing Technologies: Rapid Prototyping to Direct Digital Manufacturing" Springer New York, USA, 2nd Edition, 2015. ISBN-13: 978-1493921126.
- 4. Liou, L.W. and Liou, F.W., "Rapid Prototyping and Engineering applications: A tool box for prototype development", CRC Press, 1st Edition, 2007 FL, USA. ISBN- 9780849334092.
- 5. Milan Brandt., "Laser Additive Manufacturing 1st Edition Materials, Design, Technologies, and Applications", Woodhead Publishing, UK, 2016. ISBN- 9780081004333.

Attested

Centre for Academic Courses
Anna University, Chennai-600 025

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OBJECTIVES

- To study concept of Finite Element Analysis to solve problems involving plate and shell elements
- To learn concept of Finite Element Analysis to solve problems involving geometric and material non linearity
- To study solution techniques to solve dynamic problems
- To study the concepts of Finite Element Analysis to solve fluid mechanics and heat transfer problems
- To study error norms, convergence rates and refinement.

UNIT-I BENDING OF PLATES AND SHELLS

C

Review of Elasticity Equations – Bending of Plates and Shells – Finite Element Formulation of Plate and Shell Elements - Conforming and Non-Conforming Elements – C0 and C1 Continuity Elements – Degenerated shell elements - Application and Examples.

UNIT-II NON-LINEAR PROBLEMS

9

Introduction – Iterative Techniques – Material non-linearity – Elasto Plasticity – Plasticity – Visco Plasticity – Geometric Non linearity – large displacement Formulation –Solution procedure-Application in Metal Forming Process and Contact Problems.

UNIT-III DYNAMIC PROBLEM

9

Direct Formulation – Free, Transient and Forced Response – Solution Procedures – Eigen solution-Subspace Iterative Technique – Response analysis-Houbolt, Wilson, Newmark – Methods – Explicit &Implict Methods- Lanchzos, Reduced method for large size system equations.

UNIT-IV FLUID MECHANICS AND HEAT TRANSFER

9

Governing Equations of Fluid Mechanics – Solid structure interaction - Inviscid and Incompressible Flow – Potential Formulations – Slow Non-Newtonian Flow – Metal and Polymer Forming – Navier Stokes Equation – Steady and Transient Solution.

UNIT-V ERROR ESTIMATES AND ADAPTIVE REFINEMENT

9

Error norms and Convergence rates – h-refinement with adaptivity – Adaptive refinement.

TOTAL =45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course the student will be able to

- Apply concept of Finite Element Analysis to solve problems involving plate and shell elements
- Apply concept of Finite Element Analysis to solve problems involving geometric and material non linearity
- Formulate solution techniques to solve dynamic problems
 Apply concepts of Finite Element Analysis to solve fluid mechanics and heat transfer problems
- Investigate error norms, convergence rates and refinement.

Attested

REFERENCES:

- 1. Bathe K.J., "Finite Element Procedures in Engineering Analysis", Prentice Hall, 1990
- 2. Logan.D.L., "A first course in Finite Element Method", Cengage Learning, 2012
- 3. Reddy, J.N. "An Introduction to Nonlinear Finite Element Analysis", 2ndEdition, Oxford, 2015
- 4. Robert D. Cook, David S. Malkus, Michael E. Plesha, Robert J. Witt, "Concepts and Applications of Finite Element Analysis", 4th Edition, Wiley Student Edition, 2004.
- 5. TirupathiR.Chandrupatla and Ashok D.Belegundu, "Introduction to Finite Elements in Engineering", International Edition, Pearson Education Limited, 2014.
- 6. Zienkiewicz, O.C., Taylor, R.L. and Zhu.J.Z., "The Finite Element Method: Its Basis and Fundamentals", 7th Edition, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2013.

0.3- Low

0.6- Medium

0.9- High

CO						Р	0							PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.9	0.9								0.9	0.3	0.6
2	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.9	0.9								0.9	0.3	0.6
3	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.9	0.9	1							0.9	0.3	0.6
4	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.9	0.9	-	1. 10		10				0.9	0.3	0.6
5	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.9	0.9		5		16	A.			0.9	0.3	0.6

ED5076 DESIGN OF HYBRID AND ELECTRIC VEHICLES

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Fundamental concepts of electric and hybrid vehicle operation and architectures.
- 2. Understand the properties of batteries and its types.
- 3. Provide knowledge about design of series hybrid electric vehicles.
- 4. Provide knowledge about design of parallel hybrid electric vehicles.
- 5. Understand of electric vehicle drive train.

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION TO ELECTRIC VEHICLES

9

Electric Vehicles (EV) system- EV History – EV advantages – EV market – vehicle mechanics: roadway fundamentals- law of motion-vehicle kinetics- dynamics of vehicle motion – propulsion power –velocity and acceleration- propulsion system design.

UNIT – II ENERGY SOURCE

9

Battery basics- lead acid battery – alternative batteries – battery parameters- technical characteristics – battery power – alternative energy sources: Fuel cells - Fuel Cell characteristics- Fuel cell types.

UNIT – III SERIES HYBRID ELECTRIC DRIVE TRAIN DESIGN

9

Operation Patterns- Control Strategies-Sizing of the Major Components -Design of peaking power source - Traction Motor Size - Design of the Gear Ratio-Verification of Acceleration Performance-. Verification of gradeability-- Design of Engine/Generator Size - Design of the Power Capacity - Design of the Energy Capacity -Fuel Consumption.

UNIT – IV PARALLEL HYBRID ELECTRIC DRIVE TRAIN DESIGN

9

Control Strategies of Parallel Hybrid Drive Train- Drive Train Parameters- Engine Power Capacity- Electric Motor Drive Power Capacity- Transmission Design- Energy Storage Design

UNIT – V ELECTRIC VEHICLE DRIVETRAIN

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

EV Transmission configurations – Transmission components –Ideal gear box –Gear ratio-torque –speed characteristics - EV motor sizing –initial acceleration-rated vehicle velocity – maximum velocity – maximum gradability

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Explain how a hybrid vehicle works and describe its main components and their function.
- 2. Choose proper energy storage systems for vehicle applications
- 3. Design series hybrid electric vehicles.
- 4. Design parallel hybrid electric vehicles.
- 5. Describe the transmission components and their configurations for electric vehicles

REFERENCES:

- 1. Ehsani, M, "Modern Electric, Hybrid Electric and Fuel Cell Vehicles: Fundamentals, Theory and Design", CRC Press, 2005
- 2. "Hybrid Electric Vehicle Technology Assessment: Methodology, Analytical Issues, and Interim Results," Center for Transportation Research Argonne National Laboratory, United States Department of Energy.
- 3. Iqbal Hussain, "Electric & Hybrid Vehicles Design Fundamentals", Second Edition, CRC Press, 2011.
- 4. James Larminie, "Electric Vehicle Technology Explained", John Wiley & Sons, 2003.
- 5. Sandeep Dhameja, "Electric Vehicle Battery Systems", Newnes, 2000 .http://nptel.ac.in/courses/108103009/

0.3- Low 0.6- Medium 0.9- High

CO						Р	0							PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.3		0.9		0.6	0.6	0.9	400					0.9	0.6	0.3
2	0.3		0.9	1	0.6	0.6	0.9						0.9	0.6	0.3
3	0.3		0.9		0.6	0.6	0.9						0.9	0.6	0.3
4	0.3		0.9		0.6	0.6	0.9						0.9	0.6	0.3
5	0.3		0.9		0.6	0.6	0.9						0.9	0.6	0.3

PROGRESS THROUGH KNOWLEDGE

ED5083

TRIBOLOGY IN DESIGN

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To study and measure the different types of surface features associated with the friction of metals and non-metals.
- To study the different types of wear mechanism and surface modification techniques.
- To analyze the various types of lubricants and lubrication system in the tribology.
- To develop the methodology for deciding lubricants and lubrication regimes for different operating conditions.
- To study the different types of high pressure contacts and rolling bearings.

UNIT-I SURFACE INTERACTION AND FRICTION

9

Surface Topography – Surface features-Properties and measurement – Surface interaction – Laws of friction- Adhesive Theory of Sliding Friction – Static friction - Rolling Friction – Friction in extreme conditions – Thermal considerations in sliding contact

WEAR AND SURFACE TREATMENT UNIT-II

Types of wear mechanism – Laws of wear –Theoretical wear models- Abrasive wear Adhesive wear - Fatigue wear - fretting wear - Cavitation wear - Wear of Metals and Nonmetals – Surface treatments – Surface modifications –Laser processing – instrumentation - International standards in friction and wear measurements

LUBRICANTS AND LUBRICATION REGIMES UNIT-III

9

9

Lubricants and their physical properties- Viscosity and other properties of oils -Additives-and selection of Lubricants- Lubricants standards ISO, SAE, AGMA, BIS standards - Lubrication Regimes -Solid Lubrication-Dry and marginally lubricated contacts- Boundary Lubrication-Hydrodynamic lubrication-Elasto and plasto hydrodynamic - Magneto hydrodynamic lubrication Hydro static lubrication – Gas lubrication

UNIT-IV THEORY OF HYDRODYNAMIC AND HYDROSTATIC 9 LUBRICATION

Reynolds Equation,-Assumptions and limitations-One and two dimensional Reynolds Equation Reynolds and Sommerfeld boundary conditions- Pressure wave, flow, load capacity and friction calculations in Hydrodynamic bearings-Long and short bearings-Pad bearings and Journal bearings-Squeeze film effects-Thermal considerations-Hydrostatic lubrication of Pad bearing Pressure, flow, load and friction calculations-Stiffness considerations-Various types of flow restrictors in hydrostatic bearings

HIGH PRESSURE CONTACTS AND ELASTO UNIT-V **HYDRODYNAMIC LUBRICATION**

9

Rolling contacts of Elastic solids- contact stresses - Hertzian stress equation- Spherical and cylindrical contacts-Contact Fatigue life- Oil film effects- Elasto Hydrodynamic lubrication Theory Soft and hard EHL Reynolds equation for elasto hydrodynamic lubrication - - Film shape within and outside contact zones-Film thickness and friction calculation- Rolling bearings-Stresses and deflections-Traction drives

TOTAL = 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course the student will be able to

- Develop the knowledge on the surface features and its role on the friction behaviour of metals and nonmetals
- Understand the various types of wear mechanism and surface modification techniques
- Familiarize the different types of lubricants and lubrication systems in the tribology
- Methodology for deciding lubricants and lubrication regimes for different operating
- Ability to understand the different types of high pressure contacts and rolling bearings

REFERENCES:

- 1. Rabinowicz.E, "Friction and Wear of materials", John Willey & Sons ,UK,1995
- 2. Cameron, A. "Basic Lubrication Theory", Ellis Herward Ltd., UK, 1981
- 3. Halling, J. (Editor) "Principles of Tribology", Macmillian 1984
- 4. Williams J.A. "Engineering Tribology", Oxford Univ. Press, 1994
- 5. S.K.Basu, S.N.Sengupta&B.B.Ahuja, "Fundamentals of Tribology", Prentice -Hall of India Pvt Ltd . New Delhi. 2005
- 6 G.W.Stachowiak& A.W .Batchelor , Engineering Tribology, Butterworth Heinemann, UK, 2005

CO						Р	0							PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.6	0.3	0.3		0.6							0.3	0.3	0.6	0.9
2	0.6	0.3	0.3		0.6							0.3	0.3	0.6	0.9
3	0.6	0.3	0.3		0.6							0.3	0.3	0.6	0.9
4	0.6	0.3	0.3		0.6							0.3	0.3	0.6	0.9
5	0.6	0.3	0.3		0.6							0.3	0.3	0.6	0.9

ED5079 MATERIAL HANDLING SYSTEMS AND DESIGN L T P C (Use of Approved Data Book Is Permitted) 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Fundamental concepts related to material handling.
- 2. Design of various hoisting gears for different material handling applications
- 3. Development of conveyer systems for material flow in different industrial production systems.
- 4. Design of elevators for various manufacturing and service applications.
- Integrated mechanical system design for machine tools, power transmission and engine parts

UNIT – I INTRODUCTIONS AND DESIGN OF HOISTS

9

Types, selection and applications, Design of hoisting elements: Welded and roller chains - Hemp and wire ropes - Design of ropes, pulleys, pulley systems, sprockets and drums, Load handling attachments. Design of forged hooks and eye hooks – crane grabs - lifting magnets - Grabbing attachments - Design of arresting gear - Brakes: shoe, band and cone types.

UNIT – II DRIVES OF HOISTING GEAR

9

Hand and power drives - Traveling gear - Rail traveling mechanism - cantilever and monorail cranes - slewing, jib and luffing gear - cogwheel drive - selecting the motor ratings.

UNIT – III CONVEYORS

9

Types - description - design and applications of Belt conveyors, apron conveyors and escalators Pneumatic conveyors, Screw conveyors and vibratory conveyors.

UNIT – IV ELEVATORS

(

Bucket elevators: design - loading and bucket arrangements - Cage elevators - shaft way, guides, counter weights, hoisting machine, safety devices - Design of fork lift trucks.

UNIT – V INTEGRATED DESIGN

Q

Integrated Design of systems - Valve Gear Mechanisms, Portable Air Compressor, Hay-Bale lifter, Cam Testing Machine, Power Screws, Gear Box Design more than six speed.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Design hoists and brakes used in any handling applications.
- 2. Design drive mechanisms and hoisting gear for different handling applications.
- 3. Design different conveyor systems for material handling applications.
- 4. Design bucket, cage and fork lift elevators for to and fro transportation of .materials in vertical direction.
- 5. Design of integrated mechanical system for machine tools, power transmission and engine parts

REFERENCES:

- 1. Alexandrov, M., Materials Handling Equipments, MIR Publishers, 1981.
- 2. Boltzharol, A., Materials Handling Handbook, The Ronald Press Company, 1958
- 3. Norton. L Robert. "Machine Design An Integrated Approach" Pearson Education, 2nd Edition, 2005.
- 4. Rudenko, N., Materials handling equipment, ELnvee Publishers, 1970.
- 5. Spivakovsy, A.O. and Dyachkov, V.K., Conveying Machines, Volumes I and II, MIR Publishers, 1985.

APPROVED DATA BOOKS:

- 1. P.S.G. Tech., "Design Data Book", Kalaikathir Achchagam, Coimbatore, 2003.
- 2. Lingaiah. K. and Narayana Iyengar, "Machine Design Data Hand Book", Vol. 1 & 2, Suma Publishers, Bangalore, 1983

0.3- Low

0.6- Medium

0.9- High

CO						Р	0							PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.3	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.3		10			0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
2	0.3	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.3		7	A)			0.3	0.3	0.3
3	0.3	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.3			. 7.0	, 7		0.3	0.3	0.3
4	0.3	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.3				1		0.3	0.3	0.3
5	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.3						0.3	0.3	0.3	0.6

PD5151

CREATIVITY AND INNOVATION

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for:

- Applying the principles of essential theory of creativity in new product design and development.
- 2. Applying the principles of various methods and tools for creativity in new product design and development.
- 3. Applying the design principles of creativity in new product design and development.
- 4. Applying the various innovation principles and practices in new product design and development.
- 5. Applying the principles of innovation management in new product design and development.

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION TO ESSENTIAL THEORY OF CREATIVITY

9

Directed creativity: The Need for Creative Thinking in the Pursuit of Quality - Essential Theory for Directed Creativity: Definitions and the Theory of the Mechanics of Mind; Heuristics and Models: Attitudes, Approaches, and Actions That Support Creative Thinking

UNIT – II METHODS AND TOOLS FOR CREATIVITY

(

Three basic principles behind the tools of directed creativity – Tools that prepare the mind for creative thought – Tools that stimulate the imagination for new idea – Development and action: the bridge between mere creativity and the rewards of innovation - ICEDIP: Inspiration, Clarification, Distillation, Perspiration, Evaluation and Incubation – Creativity and Motivation.

UNIT – III DESIGN AND APPLICATION OF CREATIVITY

9

Three levels of emotional design: Visceral, Behavioral and Reflective – Process design, reengineering, and creativity – Creativity and customer needs analysis – Innovative product and service design – Creative problem solving and incremental improvement

UNIT – IV INNOVATION PRINCIPLES & PRACTICES

9

Methods of Creativity Activation: Morphological Box – Requirements for Inventive Problem Solving – Altshuller's Engineering Parameters – Altshuller's Inventive Principles – Altshuller's Contradiction Matrix Algorithm.

UNIT – IV INNOVATION MANAGEMENT

9

Disruptive Innovation Model – Two Types of Disruption – Three Approaches to Creating New-Growth Businesses – New Market Disruptions: Three Case Histories – Product Architectures and Integration – Process of commoditation and de-commoditation – Two Processes of Strategy Formulation – Role of senior executive in leading new growth: The Disruptive Growth Engine.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Apply the principles of essential theory of creativity in new product design and development.
- 2. Apply the principles of various methods and tools for creativity in new product design and development.
- 3. Apply the design principles of creativity in new product design and development.
- 4. Apply the various innovation principles and practices in new product design and development.
- 5. Apply the principles of innovation management in new product design and development.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Clayton M. Christensen and Michael E. Raynor, "The Innovator's Solution", Harvard Business School Press, Boston, USA, 2003.
- 2. Donald A. Norman, "Emotional Design", Perseus Books Group, New York, 2004.
- 3. Geoffrey Petty, "How to be better at Creativity", The Industrial Society, 1999.
- 4. Paul E. Plsek, "Creativity, Innovation and Quality", ASQ Quality Press, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, 2000.
- 5. Semyon D. Savransky, "Engineering of Creativity TRIZ", CRC Press, New York, USA, 2000.

0.3- Low

0.6- Medium

0.9- High

СО						Р	0							PSO	
CO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.3		0.3						0.3	0.6	0.3	
2	0.3	0.6	0.9	0.9		0.3						0.3	0.6	0.3	
3	0.3	0.6	0.9	0.6		0.3	0.6	0.3				0.3	0.6	0.3	0.3
4	0.3	0.3	0.9	0.6		0.3	0.3	0.3			0.6	0.3	0.6	0.3	
5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3		0.3	0.3				0.6	0.3	0.6	0.3	0.3

Attested

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- This course aims to introduce numerical modeling and its role in the field of heat, fluid flow
 and combustion it will enable the students to understand the various discretisation methods
 and solving methodologies and to create confidence to solve complex problems in the field
 of heat transfer and fluid dynamics.
- To develop finite volume discretised forms of the governing equations for diffusion processes.
- To develop finite volume discretised forms of the convection-diffusion processes.
- To develop pressure based algorithms for flow processes.
- To introduce various turbulence models, Large Eddy Simulation and Direct Numerical Simulation.

UNIT – I GOVERNING DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS AND DISCRETISATION 8 TECHNIQUES

Basics of Heat Transfer, Fluid flow – Mathematical description of fluid flow and heat transfer – Conservation of mass, momentum, energy and chemical species - Classification of partial differential equations – Initial and Boundary Conditions – Discretisation techniques using finite difference methods – Taylor's Series - Uniform and non-uniform Grids, Numerical Errors, Grid Independence Test.

UNIT – II DIFFUSION PROCESSES: FINITE VOLUME METHOD

10

Steady one-dimensional diffusion, Two and three dimensional steady state diffusion problems, Discretisation of unsteady diffusion problems – Explicit, Implicit and Crank-Nicholson's schemes, Stability of schemes.

UNIT – III CONVECTION-DIFFUSION PROCESSES: FINITE VOLUME METHOD 9 One dimensional convection – diffusion problem, Central difference scheme, upwind scheme – Hybrid and power law discretization techniques – QUICK scheme.

UNIT – IV FLOW PROCESSES: FINITE VOLUME METHOD

8

Discretisation of incompressible flow equations – Pressure based algorithms, SIMPLE, SIMPLER & PISO algorithms.

UNIT - V TURBULENCE MODELS

10

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

Turbulence – RANS equation - Algebraic Models, One equation model, Two equation models – k – $\$ & standard k – $\$ model, Low Reynold number models of k- $\$, Large Eddy Simulation (LES), Direct Numerical Simulation (DNS) - Introduction. Solving simple cases using standard CFD codes.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course the students will be able to:

- Analyse the governing equations and boundary conditions.
- Analyse various discretization techniques for both steady and unsteady diffusion problems.
- Analyse the various convection-diffusion problems by Finite-Volume method.
- Analyse the flow processes by using different pressure bound algorithms.
- Select and use the different turbulence models according to the type of flows.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Versteeg and Malalasekera, N, "An Introduction to computational Fluid Dynamics The Finite Volume Method," Pearson Education, Ltd., Second Edition, 2014.
- 2. Ghoshdastidar, P.S., "Computer Simulation of Flow and Heat Transfer", Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 1998.

- 3. Muralidhar, K., and Sundararajan, T., "Computational Fluid Flow and Heat Transfer", Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2003.
- 4. Subas and V.Patankar "Numerical heat transfer fluid flow", Hemisphere Publishing Corporation, 1980.
- 5. Jiyuan Tu, Guan Heng Yeoh, Chaogun Liu, "Computational Fluid Dynamics A Practical Approach" Butterworth Heinemann An Imprint of Elsevier, Madison, U.S.A., 2008
- 6. John D. Anderson. JR. "Computational Fluid Dynamics The Basics with Applications" McGraw-Hill International Editions, 1995.

0.3- Low

0.6- Medium

0.9- High

CO						РО								PS	0
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	0.9	ı	-	-	-	-	0.6	-	-	-	1	0.3	0.9	0.6	0.3
2	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.6	-	-	-	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.9	-
3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.6	-	-	0.3	0.6	-	0.9	-	-	1	0.9
4	0.3	0.3	-	0.3	0.3	-	-	0.3	0.3		0.9	0.6	-	0.6	-
5	0.3	ı	-	-		0.6	0.9	0.3	-	7,5	0.6	0.3	0.9	1	-



Attested

OPEN ELECTIVE COURSES (OEC)

OE5091 BUSINESS DATA ANALYTICS

L T PC 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of business analytics and its life cycle.
- To gain knowledge about fundamental business analytics.
- To learn modeling for uncertainty and statistical inference.
- To understand analytics using Hadoop and Map Reduce frameworks.
- To acquire insight on other analytical frameworks.

UNIT I OVERVIEW OF BUSINESS ANALYTICS

9

Introduction – Drivers for Business Analytics – Applications of Business Analytics: Marketing and Sales, Human Resource, Healthcare, Product Design, Service Design, Customer Service and Support – Skills Required for a Business Analyst – Framework for Business Analytics Life Cycle for Business Analytics Process.

Suggested Activities:

- Case studies on applications involving business analytics.
- Converting real time decision making problems into hypothesis.
- Group discussion on entrepreneurial opportunities in Business Analytics.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Assignment on business scenario and business analytical life cycle process.
- Group presentation on big data applications with societal need.
- Quiz on case studies.

UNIT II ESSENTIALS OF BUSINESS ANALYTICS

9

Descriptive Statistics – Using Data – Types of Data – Data Distribution Metrics: Frequency, Mean, Median, Mode, Range, Variance, Standard Deviation, Percentile, Quartile, z-Score, Covariance, Correlation – Data Visualization: Tables, Charts, Line Charts, Bar and Column Chart, Bubble Chart, Heat Map – Data Dashboards.

Suggested Activities:

- Solve numerical problems on basic statistics.
- Explore chart wizard in MS Excel Case using sample real time data for data visualization.
- Use R tool for data visualization.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Assignment on descriptive analytics using benchmark data.
- Quiz on data visualization for univariate, bivariate data.

UNIT III MODELING UNCERTAINTY AND STATISTICAL INFERENCE

9

Modeling Uncertainty: Events and Probabilities – Conditional Probability – Random Variables – Discrete Probability Distributions – Continuous Probability Distribution – Statistical Inference: Data Sampling – Selecting a Sample – Point Estimation – Sampling Distributions – Interval Estimation – Hypothesis Testing.

Suggested Activities:

- Solving numerical problems in sampling, probability, probability distributions and hypothesis testing.
- Converting real time decision making problems into hypothesis.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Assignments on hypothesis testing.
- Group presentation on real time applications involving data sampling and hypothesis testing.
- Quizzes on topics like sampling and probability.

UNIT IV ANALYTICS USING HADOOP AND MAPREDUCE FRAMEWORK

9

Introducing Hadoop – RDBMS versus Hadoop – Hadoop Overview – HDFS (Hadoop Distributed File System) – Processing Data with Hadoop – Introduction to MapReduce – Features of MapReduce – Algorithms Using Map-Reduce: Matrix-Vector Multiplication, Relational Algebra Operations, Grouping and Aggregation – Extensions to MapReduce.

Suggested Activities:

- Practical Install and configure Hadoop.
- Practical Use web based tools to monitor Hadoop setup.
- Practical Design and develop MapReduce tasks for word count, searching involving text corpus etc.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Evaluation of the practical implementations.
- Quizzes on topics like HDFS and extensions to MapReduce.

UNIT V OTHER DATA ANALYTICAL FRAMEWORKS

9

Overview of Application development Languages for Hadoop – PigLatin – Hive – Hive Query Language (HQL) – Introduction to Pentaho, JAQL – Introduction to Apache: Sqoop, Drill and Spark, Cloudera Impala – Introduction to NoSQL Databases – Hbase and MongoDB.

Suggested Activities:

- Practical Installation of NoSQL database like MongoDB.
- Practical Demonstration on Sharding in MongoDB.
- Practical Install and run Pig
- Practical Write PigLatin scripts to sort, group, join, project, and filter data.
- Design and develop algorithms to be executed in MapReduce involving numerical methods for analytics.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

• Mini Project (Group) – Real time data collection, saving in NoSQL, implement analytical techniques using Map-Reduce Tasks and Result Projection.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- Identify the real world business problems and model with analytical solutions.
- Solve analytical problem with relevant mathematics background knowledge.
- Convert any real world decision making problem to hypothesis and apply suitable statistical testing.
- Write and Demonstrate simple applications involving analytics using Hadoop and MapReduce
- Use open source frameworks for modeling and storing data.
- Apply suitable visualization technique using R for visualizing voluminous data.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Vignesh Prajapati, "Big Data Analytics with R and Hadoop", Packt Publishing, 2013.
- 2. Umesh R Hodeghatta, Umesha Nayak, "Business Analytics Using R A Practical Approach", Apress, 2017.
- 3. Anand Rajaraman, Jeffrey David Ullman, "Mining of Massive Datasets", Cambridge University Press, 2012.
- 4. Jeffrey D. Camm, James J. Cochran, Michael J. Fry, Jeffrey W. Ohlmann, David R. Anderson, "Essentials of Business Analytics", Cengage Learning, second Edition, 2016.
- 5. U. Dinesh Kumar, "Business Analytics: The Science of Data-Driven Decision Making", Wiley, 2017.
- 6. A. Ohri, "R for Business Analytics", Springer, 2012
- 7. Rui Miguel Forte, "Mastering Predictive Analytics with R", Packt Publication, 2015.

OBJECTIVES:

- Summarize basics of industrial safety
- · Describe fundamentals of maintenance engineering
- Explain wear and corrosion
- Illustrate fault tracing
- Identify preventive and periodic maintenance

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Accident, causes, types, results and control, mechanical and electrical hazards, types, causes and preventive steps/procedure, describe salient points of factories act 1948 for health and safety, wash rooms, drinking water layouts, light, cleanliness, fire, guarding, pressure vessels, etc, Safety color codes. Fire prevention and firefighting, equipment and methods.

UNIT II FUNDAMENTALS OF MAINTENANCE ENGINEERING

9

Definition and aim of maintenance engineering, Primary and secondary functions and responsibility of maintenance department, Types of maintenance, Types and applications of tools used for maintenance, Maintenance cost & its relation with replacement economy, Service life of equipment.

UNIT III WEAR AND CORROSION AND THEIR PREVENTION

9

Wear- types, causes, effects, wear reduction methods, lubricants-types and applications, Lubrication methods, general sketch, working and applications, i. Screw down grease cup, ii. Pressure grease gun, iii. Splash lubrication, iv. Gravity lubrication, v. Wick feed lubrication vi. Side feed lubrication, vii. Ring lubrication, Definition, principle and factors affecting the corrosion. Types of corrosion, corrosion prevention methods.

UNIT IV FAULT TRACING

9

Fault tracing-concept and importance, decision tree concept, need and applications, sequence of fault finding activities, show as decision tree, draw decision tree for problems in machine tools, hydraulic, pneumatic, automotive, thermal and electrical equipment's like, I. Any one machine tool, ii. Pump iii. Air compressor, iv. Internal combustion engine, v. Boiler, vi. Electrical motors, Types of faults in machine tools and their general causes.

UNIT V PERIODIC AND PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

9

Periodic inspection-concept and need, degreasing, cleaning and repairing schemes, overhauling of mechanical components, overhauling of electrical motor, common troubles and remedies of electric motor, repair complexities and its use, definition, need, steps and advantages of preventive maintenance. Steps/procedure for periodic and preventive maintenance of: I. Machine tools, ii. Pumps, iii. Air compressors, iv. Diesel generating (DG) sets, Program and schedule of preventive maintenance of mechanical and electrical equipment, advantages of preventive maintenance. Repair cycle concept and importance

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

CO1: Ability to summarize basics of industrial safety

CO2: Ability to describe fundamentals of maintenance engineering

CO3: Ability to explain wear and corrosion

CO4: Ability to illustrate fault tracing

CO5: Ability to identify preventive and periodic maintenance

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	√											
CO2	✓											
CO3	✓	✓	✓									
CO4	✓	✓	✓								1-	thester
CO5	✓	√	√									

REFERENCES:

- 1. Audels, Pump-hydraulic Compressors, Mcgrew Hill Publication, 1978.
- 2. Garg H P, Maintenance Engineering, S. Chand and Company, 1987.
- 3. Hans F. Winterkorn , Foundation Engineering Handbook, Chapman & Hall London, 2013.
- 4. Higgins & Morrow, Maintenance Engineering Handbook, Eighth Edition, 2008

OE5093

OPERATIONS RESEARCH

L T PC 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- Solve linear programming problem and solve using graphical method.
- Solve LPP using simplex method
- Solve transportation, assignment problems
- Solve project management problems
- Solve scheduling problems

UNIT I LINEAR PROGRAMMING

9

Introduction to Operations Research – assumptions of linear programming problems - Formulations of linear programming problem – Graphical method

UNIT II ADVANCES IN LINEAR PROGRAMMING

9

Solutions to LPP using simplex algorithm- Revised simplex method - primal dual relationships - Dual simplex algorithm - Sensitivity analysis

UNIT III NETWORK ANALYSIS – I

9

Transportation problems -Northwest corner rule, least cost method, Voges's approximation method - Assignment problem -Hungarian algorithm

UNIT IV NETWORK ANALYSIS – II

9

Shortest path problem: Dijkstra's algorithms, Floyds algorithm, systematic method -CPM/PERT

UNIT V NETWORK ANALYSIS – III

9

Scheduling and sequencing - single server and multiple server models - deterministic inventory models - Probabilistic inventory control models

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

CO1: To formulate linear programming problem and solve using graphical method.

CO2: To solve LPP using simplex method

CO3: To formulate and solve transportation, assignment problems

CO4: To solve project management problems

CO5: To solve scheduling problems

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	✓											
CO2	✓											
CO3	✓	✓	✓									
CO4	✓	✓	✓									
CO5	✓	✓	✓									

REFERENCES:

- 1. Harvey M Wagner, Principles of Operations Research: Prentice Hall of India 2010
- 2. Hitler Libermann, Operations Research: McGraw Hill Pub. 2009
- 3. Pant J C, Introduction to Optimisation: Operations Research, Jain Brothers, Delhi 2008
- 4. Pannerselvam, Operations Research: Prentice Hall of India 2010
- 5. Taha H A, Operations Research, An Introduction, PHI, 2008

OBJECTIVES:

- Summarize the costing concepts and their role in decision making
- Infer the project management concepts and their various aspects in selection
- Interpret costing concepts with project execution
- Develop knowledge of costing techniques in service sector and various budgetary control techniques
- Illustrate with quantitative techniques in cost management

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO COSTING CONCEPTS

Q

Objectives of a Costing System; Cost concepts in decision-making; Relevant cost, Differential cost, Incremental cost and Opportunity cost; Creation of a Database for operational control.

UNIT II INTRODUCTION TO PROJECT MANAGEMENT

q

Project: meaning, Different types, why to manage, cost overruns centres, various stages of project execution: conception to commissioning. Project execution as conglomeration of technical and nontechnical activities, Detailed Engineering activities, Pre project execution main clearances and documents, Project team: Role of each member, Importance Project site: Data required with significance, Project contracts.

UNIT III PROJECT EXECUTION AND COSTING CONCEPTS

9

Project execution Project cost control, Bar charts and Network diagram, Project commissioning: mechanical and process, Cost Behavior and Profit Planning Marginal Costing; Distinction between Marginal Costing and Absorption Costing; Break-even Analysis, Cost-Volume-Profit Analysis, Various decision-making problems, Pricing strategies: Pareto Analysis, Target costing, Life Cycle Costing.

UNIT IV COSTING OF SERVICE SECTOR AND BUDGETERY CONTROL

g

Just-in-time approach, Material Requirement Planning, Enterprise Resource Planning, Activity-Based Cost Management, Bench Marking; Balanced Score Card and Value-Chain Analysis, Budgetary Control: Flexible Budgets; Performance budgets; Zero-based budgets.

UNIT V QUANTITATIVE TECHNIQUES FOR COST MANAGEMENT

9

Linear Programming, PERT/CPM, Transportation problems, Assignment problems, Learning Curve Theory.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

CO1 - Understand the costing concepts and their role in decision making

CO2-Understand the project management concepts and their various aspects in selection

CO3-Interpret costing concepts with project execution

CO4–Gain knowledge of costing techniques in service sector and various budgetary control techniques

CO5 - Become familiar with quantitative techniques in cost management

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	✓	✓	✓		✓			✓	✓		✓	✓
CO2	✓	✓	✓		✓				✓		✓	✓
CO3	√	√	✓		✓	✓					✓	✓
CO4	✓	✓	✓		✓		✓				✓	✓
CO5	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓				√	Liteste

REFERENCES:

- 1. Ashish K. Bhattacharya, Principles & Practices of Cost Accounting A. H. Wheeler publisher, 1991
- 2. Charles T. Horngren and George Foster, Advanced Management Accounting, 1988
- 3. Charles T. Horngren et al Cost Accounting A Managerial Emphasis, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2011
- 4. Robert S Kaplan Anthony A. Alkinson, Management & Cost Accounting, 2003
- 5. Vohra N.D., Quantitative Techniques in Management, Tata McGraw Hill Book Co. Ltd, 2007

OE5095

COMPOSITE MATERIALS

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- Summarize the characteristics of composite materials and effect of reinforcement in composite materials.
- Identify the various reinforcements used in composite materials.
- Compare the manufacturing process of metal matrix composites.
- Understand the manufacturing processes of polymer matrix composites.
- Analyze the strength of composite materials.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Definition – Classification and characteristics of Composite materials - Advantages and application of composites - Functional requirements of reinforcement and matrix - Effect of reinforcement (size, shape, distribution, volume fraction) on overall composite performance.

UNIT II REINFORCEMENTS

9

Preparation-layup, curing, properties and applications of glass fibers, carbon fibers, Kevlar fibers and Boron fibers - Properties and applications of whiskers, particle reinforcements - Mechanical Behavior of composites: Rule of mixtures, Inverse rule of mixtures - Isostrain and Isostress conditions.

UNIT III MANUFACTURING OF METAL MATRIX COMPOSITES

9

Casting – Solid State diffusion technique - Cladding – Hot isostatic pressing - Properties and applications. Manufacturing of Ceramic Matrix Composites: Liquid Metal Infiltration – Liquid phase sintering. Manufacturing of Carbon – Carbon composites: Knitting, Braiding, Weaving - Properties and applications.

UNIT IV MANUFACTURING OF POLYMER MATRIX COMPOSITES

9

Preparation of Moulding compounds and prepregs – hand layup method – Autoclave method – Filament winding method – Compression moulding – Reaction injection moulding - Properties and applications.

UNIT V STRENGTH

9

Laminar Failure Criteria-strength ratio, maximum stress criteria, maximum strain criteria, interacting failure criteria, hygrothermal failure. Laminate first play failure-insight strength; Laminate strength-ply discount truncated maximum strain criterion; strength design using caplet plots; stress concentrations.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Attested

OUTCOMES:

- CO1 Know the characteristics of composite materials and effect of reinforcement in composite materials.
- CO2 Know the various reinforcements used in composite materials.
- CO3 Understand the manufacturing processes of metal matrix composites.
- CO4 Understand the manufacturing processes of polymer matrix composites.
- CO5 Analyze the strength of composite materials.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1		✓	✓	✓								
CO2		✓	✓	✓	✓						✓	
CO3			✓	✓	✓		✓				✓	
CO4			✓	✓	✓		✓				✓	
CO5				✓	✓		√					

REFERENCES:

- 1. Cahn R.W. Material Science and Technology Vol 13 Composites, VCH, West Germany.
- 2. Callister, W.D Jr., Adapted by Balasubramaniam R, Materials Science and Engineering, An introduction, John Wiley & Sons, NY, Indian edition, 2007.
- 3. Chawla K.K., Composite Materials, 2013.
- 4. Lubin.G, Hand Book of Composite Materials, 2013.

OE5096

WASTE TO ENERGY

LTPC 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- Interpret the various types of wastes from which energy can be generated
- Develop knowledge on biomass pyrolysis process and its applications
- Develop knowledge on various types of biomass gasifiers and their operations
- Invent knowledge on biomass combustors and its applications on generating energy
- Summarize the principles of bio-energy systems and their features

UNITI INTRODUCTION TO EXTRACTION OF ENERGY FROM WASTE

Classification of waste as fuel – Agro based, Forest residue, Industrial waste - MSW – Conversion devices - Incinerators, gasifiers, digestors

UNITII **BIOMASS PYROLYSIS**

Pyrolysis - Types, slow fast - Manufacture of charcoal - Methods - Yields and application -Manufacture of pyrolytic oils and gases, yields and applications.

UNIT III **BIOMASS GASIFICATION**

9

Gasifiers – Fixed bed system – Downdraft and updraft gasifiers – Fluidized bed gasifiers – Design, construction and operation - Gasifier burner arrangement for thermal heating - Gasifier engine arrangement and electrical power – Equilibrium and kinetic consideration in gasifier operation.

UNIT IV BIOMASS COMBUSTION

Biomass stoves - Improved chullahs, types, some exotic designs, Fixed bed combustors, Types, inclined grate combustors, Fluidized bed combustors, Design, construction and operation -Operation of all the above biomass combustors.

UNITV **BIO ENERGY**

Properties of biogas (Calorific value and composition), Biogas plant technology and status - Bio energy system - Design and constructional features - Biomass resources and their classification - Biomass conversion processes - Thermo chemical conversion - Direct combustion - biomass gasification - pyrolysis and liquefaction - biochemical conversion - anaerobic digestion - Types of biogas Plants - Applications - Alcohol production from biomass - Bio diesel production -Urban waste to energy conversion - Biomass energy programme in India.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

- CO1 Understand the various types of wastes from which energy can be generated
- CO2 Gain knowledge on biomass pyrolysis process and its applications
- CO3 Develop knowledge on various types of biomass gasifiers and their operations
- CO4 Gain knowledge on biomass combustors and its applications on generating energy
- CO5 Understand the principles of bio-energy systems and their features

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	✓		√			//						✓
CO2	✓		✓						100			✓
CO3	✓	✓	✓		✓			J				✓
CO4	✓	✓	✓		✓		✓					✓
CO5	✓	✓	✓		√			CA ?	N			✓

REFERENCES:

- 1. Biogas Technology A Practical Hand Book Khandelwal, K. C. and Mahdi, S. S., Vol. I & II, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., 1983.
- 2. Biomass Conversion and Technology, C. Y. WereKo-Brobby and E. B. Hagan, John Wiley & Sons. 1996.
- 3. Food, Feed and Fuel from Biomass, Challal, D. S., IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., 1991.
- 4. Non Conventional Energy, Desai, Ashok V., Wiley Eastern Ltd., 1990.

PROGRESS THROUGH KNOWLEDGE

Attested

AUDIT COURSES (AC)

AX5091

ENGLISH FOR RESEARCH PAPER WRITING

LTPC 2 0 0 0

OBJECTIVES

- Teach how to improve writing skills and level of readability
- Tell about what to write in each section
- Summarize the skills needed when writing a Title
- Infer the skills needed when writing the Conclusion
- Ensure the quality of paper at very first-time submission

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO RESEARCH PAPER WRITING

6

Planning and Preparation, Word Order, Breaking up long sentences, Structuring Paragraphs and Sentences, Being Concise and Removing Redundancy, Avoiding Ambiguity and Vagueness

UNIT II PRESENTATION SKILLS

6

Clarifying Who Did What, Highlighting Your Findings, Hedging and Criticizing, Paraphrasing and Plagiarism, Sections of a Paper, Abstracts, Introduction

UNIT III TITLE WRITING SKILLS

6

Key skills are needed when writing a Title, key skills are needed when writing an Abstract, key skills are needed when writing an Introduction, skills needed when writing a Review of the Literature, Methods, Results, Discussion, Conclusions, The Final Check

UNIT IV RESULT WRITING SKILLS

6

Skills are needed when writing the Methods, skills needed when writing the Results, skills are needed when writing the Discussion, skills are needed when writing the Conclusions

UNIT V VERIFICATION SKILLS

6

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

Useful phrases, checking Plagiarism, how to ensure paper is as good as it could possibly be the first-time submission

OUTCOMES

CO1 –Understand that how to improve your writing skills and level of readability

CO2 - Learn about what to write in each section

CO3 – Understand the skills needed when writing a Title

CO4 – Understand the skills needed when writing the Conclusion

CO5 – Ensure the good quality of paper at very first-time submission

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1										√		✓
CO2										√		✓
CO3										√		✓
CO4										√		✓
CO5										✓		✓

REFERENCES

- 1. Adrian Wallwork , English for Writing Research Papers, Springer New York Dordrecht Heidelberg London, 2011
- 2. Day R How to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper, Cambridge University Press 2006
- 3. Goldbort R Writing for Science, Yale University Press (available on Google Books) 2006

4. Highman N, Handbook of Writing for the Mathematical Sciences, SIAM. Highman's book 1998.

AX5092

DISASTER MANAGEMENT

LTPC 2000

OBJECTIVES

- Summarize basics of disaster
- Explain a critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response.
- Illustrate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from multiple perspectives.
- Describe an understanding of standards of humanitarian response and practical relevance in specific types of disasters and conflict situations.
- Develop the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

6

Disaster: Definition, Factors and Significance; Difference between Hazard And Disaster; Natural and Manmade Disasters: Difference, Nature, Types and Magnitude.

UNIT II REPERCUSSIONS OF DISASTERS AND HAZARDS

6

Economic Damage, Loss of Human and Animal Life, Destruction Of Ecosystem. Natural Disasters: Earthquakes, Volcanisms, Cyclones, Tsunamis, Floods, Droughts And Famines, Landslides And Avalanches, Man-made disaster: Nuclear Reactor Meltdown, Industrial Accidents, Oil Slicks And Spills, Outbreaks Of Disease And Epidemics, War And Conflicts.

UNIT III DISASTER PRONE AREAS IN INDIA

6

Study of Seismic Zones; Areas Prone To Floods and Droughts, Landslides And Avalanches; Areas Prone To Cyclonic and Coastal Hazards with Special Reference To Tsunami; Post-Disaster Diseases and Epidemics

UNIT IV DISASTER PREPAREDNESS AND MANAGEMENT

6

Preparedness: Monitoring Of Phenomena Triggering a Disaster or Hazard; Evaluation of Risk: Application of Remote Sensing, Data from Meteorological And Other Agencies, Media Reports: Governmental and Community Preparedness.

UNIT V RISK ASSESSMENT

6

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

Disaster Risk: Concept and Elements, Disaster Risk Reduction, Global and National Disaster Risk Situation. Techniques of Risk Assessment, Global Co-Operation in Risk Assessment and Warning, People's Participation in Risk Assessment. Strategies for Survival

OUTCOMES

CO1: Ability to summarize basics of disaster

- CO2: Ability to explain a critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response.
- CO3: Ability to illustrate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from multiple perspectives.
- CO4: Ability to describe an understanding of standards of humanitarian response and practical relevance in specific types of disasters and conflict situations.
- CO5: Ability to develop the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	✓										1-	ttestea
CO2	✓											

CO3	✓	✓	✓					
CO4	✓	✓	✓					
CO5	✓	✓	√					

REFERENCES

- 1. Goel S. L., Disaster Administration And Management Text And Case Studies", Deep & Deep Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2009.
- 2. NishithaRai, Singh AK, "Disaster Management in India: Perspectives, issues and strategies "NewRoyal book Company,2007.
- 3. Sahni, PardeepEt.Al.," Disaster Mitigation Experiences And Reflections", Prentice Hall OfIndia, New Delhi, 2001.

AX5093

SANSKRIT FOR TECHNICAL KNOWLEDGE

LTPC

2000

OBJECTIVES

- Illustrate the basic sanskrit language.
- Recognize sanskrit, the scientific language in the world.
- · Appraise learning of sanskrit to improve brain functioning.
- Relate sanskrit to develop the logic in mathematics, science & other subjects enhancing the memory power.
- Extract huge knowledge from ancient literature.

UNIT I ALPHABETS

6

Alphabets in Sanskrit

UNIT II TENSES AND SENTENCES

Past/Present/Future Tense - Simple Sentences

6

UNIT III ORDER AND ROOTS

Order - Introduction of roots

6

UNIT IV SANSKRIT LITERATURE

Technical information about Sanskrit Literature

6

UNIT V TECHNICAL CONCEPTS OF ENGINEERING

6

Technical concepts of Engineering-Electrical, Mechanical, Architecture, Mathematics

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

- CO1 Understanding basic Sanskrit language.
- CO2 Write sentences.
- CO3 Know the order and roots of Sanskrit.
- CO4 Know about technical information about Sanskrit literature.
- CO5 Understand the technical concepts of Engineering.

	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1										✓		✓
CO2										√		✓
CO3												✓
CO4												✓
CO5											01	T-1-1

REFERENCES

1. "Abhyaspustakam" – Dr. Vishwas, Samskrita-Bharti Publication, New Delhi

- 2. "Teach Yourself Sanskrit" Prathama Deeksha-Vempati Kutumbshastri, Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthanam, New Delhi Publication
- 3. "India's Glorious Scientific Tradition" Suresh Soni, Ocean books (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2017.

AX5094

VALUE EDUCATION

L T P C 2 0 0 0

OBJECTIVES

Students will be able to

- Understand value of education and self-development
- Imbibe good values in students
- · Let the should know about the importance of character

UNIT I

Values and self-development–Social values and individual attitudes. Work ethics, Indian vision of humanism. Moral and non-moral valuation. Standards and principles. Value judgements

UNIT II

Importance of cultivation of values. Sense of duty. Devotion, Self-reliance. Confidence, Concentration. Truthfulness, Cleanliness. Honesty, Humanity. Power of faith, National Unity. Patriotism. Love for nature, Discipline

UNIT III

Personality and Behavior Development-Soul and Scientific attitude. Positive Thinking. Integrity and discipline. Punctuality, Love and Kindness. Avoid fault Thinking. Free from anger, Dignity of labour.

Universal brother hood and religious tolerance. True friendship. Happiness Vs suffering, love for truth. Aware of self-destructive habits. Association and Cooperation. Doing best for saving nature

UNIT IV

Character and Competence-Holy books vs Blind faith. Self-management and Good health. Science of reincarnation. Equality, Nonviolence, Humility, Role of Women. All religions and same message. Mind your Mind, Self-control. Honesty, Studying effectively.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

Students will be able to

- Knowledge of self-development.
- Learn the importance of Human values.
- Developing the overall personality.

SUGGESTED READING

1. Chakroborty, S.K. "Values and Ethics for organizations Theory and practice", Oxford University Press, New Delhi

AX5095

CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

L T P C 2 0 0 0

OBJECTIVES

Students will be able to:

- Understand the premises informing the twin themes of liberty and freedom from a civil rights perspective.
- To address the growth of Indian opinion regarding modern Indian intellectuals' constitutional
- Role and entitlement to civil and economic rights as well as the emergence nation hood in the early years of Indian nationalism.

UNIT I HISTORY OF MAKING OF THE INDIAN CONSTITUTION:

History, Drafting Committee, (Composition & Working)

UNIT II PHILOSOPHY OF THE INDIAN CONSTITUTION:

Preamble, Salient Features

UNIT III CONTOURS OF CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS AND DUTIES:

Fundamental Rights, Right to Equality, Right to Freedom, Right against Exploitation, Right to Freedom of Religion, Cultural and Educational Rights, Right to Constitutional Remedies, Directive Principles of State Policy, Fundamental Duties.

UNIT IV ORGANS OF GOVERNANCE:

Parliament, Composition, Qualifications and Disqualifications, Powers and Functions, Executive, President, Governor, Council of Ministers, Judiciary, Appointment and Transfer of Judges, Qualifications, Powers and Functions.

UNIT V LOCAL ADMINISTRATION:

District's Administration head: Role and Importance,

Municipalities: Introduction, Mayor and role of Elected Representative, CEO, Municipal Corporation. Pachayati raj: Introduction, PRI: Zila Pachayat. Elected officials and their roles, CEO Zila Pachayat: Position and role. Block level: Organizational Hierarchy(Different departments), Village level:Role of Elected and Appointed officials, Importance of grass root democracy.

UNIT VI ELECTION COMMISSION:

Election Commission: Role and Functioning. Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissioners - Institute and Bodies for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

Students will be able to:

- Discuss the growth of the demand for civil rights in India for the bulk of Indians before the arrival of Gandhi in Indian politics.
- Discuss the intellectual origins of the framework of argument that informed the conceptualization
- of social reforms leading to revolution in India.
- Discuss the circumstances surrounding the foundation of the Congress Socialist Party[CSP]
 under the leadership of Jawaharlal Nehru and the eventual failure of the proposal of direct
 elections through adult suffrage in the Indian Constitution.
- Discuss the passage of the Hindu Code Bill of 1956.

SUGGESTED READING

- 1. The Constitution of India, 1950 (Bare Act), Government Publication.
- 2. Dr.S.N.Busi, Dr.B. R.Ambedkar framing of Indian Constitution, 1st Edition, 2015.
- 3. M.P. Jain, Indian Constitution Law, 7th Edn., Lexis Nexis,2014.
- 4. D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, 2015.

AX5096

PEDAGOGY STUDIES

L T P C 2 0 0 0

OBJECTIVES

Students will be able to:

- Review existing evidence on there view topic to inform programme design and policy
- Making under taken by the DfID, other agencies and researchers.
- Identify critical evidence gaps to guide the development.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND METHODOLOGY:

fuestea

Aims and rationale, Policy background, Conceptual framework and terminology - Theories of learning, Curriculum, Teacher education - Conceptual framework, Research questions - Overview of methodology and Searching.

UNIT II INTRODUCTION AND METHODOLOGY:

Aims and rationale, Policy background, Conceptual framework and terminology - Theories of learning, Curriculum, Teacher education - Conceptual framework, Research questions - Overview of methodology and Searching.

UNIT III THEMATIC OVERVIEW

Pedagogical practices are being used by teachers in formal and informal classrooms in developing countries - Curriculum. Teacher education.

UNIT IV EVIDENCE ON THE EFFECTIVENESS OF PEDAGOGICAL PRACTICES

Methodology for the in depth stage: quality assessment of included studies - How can teacher education (curriculum and practicum) and the school curriculum and guidance materials best support effective pedagogy? - Theory of change - Strength and nature of the body of evidence for effective pedagogical practices - Pedagogic theory and pedagogical approaches - Teachers' attitudes and beliefs and Pedagogic strategies.

UNIT V PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Professional development: alignment with classroom practices and follow up support - Peer support - Support from the head teacher and the community - Curriculum and assessment - Barriers to learning: limited resources and large class sizes

UNIT VI RESEARCH GAPS AND FUTURE DIRECTIONS

Research design – Contexts – Pedagogy - Teacher education - Curriculum and assessment - Dissemination and research impact.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

Students will be able to understand:

- What pedagogical practices are being used by teachers informal and informal classrooms in developing countries?
- What is the evidence on the effectiveness of these pedagogical practices, in what conditions, and with what population of learners?
- How can teacher education (curriculum and practicum) and the school curriculum and guidance materials best support effective pedagogy?

SUGGESTED READING

- 1. Ackers J, HardmanF (2001) Classroom interaction in Kenyan primary schools, Compare, 31(2): 245-261.
- 2. Agrawal M (2004)Curricular reform in schools: The importance of evaluation, Journal of Curriculum Studies, 36(3):361-379.
- 3. Akyeampong K (2003) Teacher training in Ghana-does it count? Multi-site teacher education research project (MUSTER) country report 1.London:DFID.
- 4. Akyeampong K, Lussier K, Pryor J, Westbrook J (2013) Improving teaching and learning of basic maths and reading in Africa: Does teacher preparation count? International Journal Educational Development, 33(3): 272–282.
- 5. Alexander RJ(2001) Culture and pedagogy: International comparisons in primary education. Oxford and Boston: Blackwell.
- 6. Chavan M(2003) Read India: Amass scale, rapid, 'learning to read' campaign.
- $7. \quad www.pratham.org/images/resource \% 20 working \% 20 paper \% 202.pdf$

Attested

STRESS MANAGEMENT BY YOGA

L T P C 2 0 0 0

OBJECTIVES

- To achieve overall health of body and mind
- To overcome stress

UNIT I

Definitions of Eight parts of yoga.(Ashtanga)

UNIT II

Yam and Niyam - Do's and Don't's in life - i) Ahinsa, satya, astheya, bramhacharya and aparigraha, ii) Ahinsa, satya, astheya, bramhacharya and aparigraha.

UNIT III

Asan and Pranayam - Various yog poses and their benefits for mind & body - Regularization of breathing techniques and its effects-Types of pranayam

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

Students will be able to:

- Develop healthy mind in a healthy body thus improving social health also
- Improve efficiency

SUGGESTED READING

- 1. 'Yogic Asanas for Group Tarining-Part-I": Janardan Swami Yoga bhyasi Mandal, Nagpur
- 2. "Rajayoga or conquering the Internal Nature" by Swami Vivekananda, Advaita Ashrama (Publication Department), Kolkata

AX5098

PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT THROUGH LIFE ENLIGHTENMENT SKILLS

L T P C 2 0 0 0

OBJECTIVES

- To learn to achieve the highest goal happily
- To become a person with stable mind, pleasing personality and determination
- To awaken wisdom in students

UNIT I

Neetisatakam-holistic development of personality - Verses- 19,20,21,22 (wisdom) - Verses-29,31,32 (pride & heroism) - Verses- 26,28,63,65 (virtue) - Verses- 52,53,59 (dont's) - Verses-71,73,75,78 (do's)

UNIT II

Approach to day to day work and duties - Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta: Chapter 2-Verses 41, 47,48 - Chapter 3-Verses 13, 21, 27, 35 Chapter 6-Verses 5,13,17,23, 35 - Chapter 18-Verses 45, 46, 48.

UNIT III

Statements of basic knowledge - Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta: Chapter2-Verses 56, 62, 68 Chapter 12 -Verses 13, 14, 15, 16,17, 18 - Personality of role model - shrimad bhagwad geeta - Chapter2-Verses 17, Chapter 3-Verses 36,37,42 - Chapter 4-Verses 18, 38,39 Chapter18 - Verses 37,38,63

OUTCOMES

Students will be able to

Study of Shrimad-Bhagwad-Geeta will help the student in developing his personality and

Attested

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

- achieve the highest goal in life
- The person who has studied Geeta will lead the nation and mankind to peace and prosperity
- Study of Neet is hatakam will help in developing versatile personality of students.

SUGGESTED READING

- 1. Gopinath, Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthanam P, Bhartrihari's Three Satakam, Niti-sringar-vairagya, New Delhi,2010
- 2. Swami Swarupananda , Srimad Bhagavad Gita, Advaita Ashram, Publication Department, Kolkata, 2016.



Attested